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# anti-GFAP R416WT antibody (AA 411-422)



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Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	GFAP R416WT
Binding Specificity:	AA 411-422
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This GFAP R416WT antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Western Blotting (WB), ELISA
Product Details	
Immunogen:	Immunogen: Anti-GFAP R416WT Antibody was produced in mice by repeated immunizations
Immunogen:	Immunogen: Anti-GFAP R416WT Antibody was produced in mice by repeated immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 411-422 (KTVEMRDGEVIK) of human
Immunogen:	
Immunogen:	with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 411-422 (KTVEMRDGEVIK) of human
Immunogen: Clone:	with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 411-422 (KTVEMRDGEVIK) of human GFAP.
	with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 411-422 (KTVEMRDGEVIK) of human GFAP.  Immunogen Type: Peptide
Clone:	with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 411-422 (KTVEMRDGEVIK) of human GFAP.  Immunogen Type: Peptide  \$206B-9
Clone:	with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 411-422 (KTVEMRDGEVIK) of human GFAP.  Immunogen Type: Peptide  S206B-9  IgG1
Clone:  Isotype:  Cross-Reactivity:	with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 411-422 (KTVEMRDGEVIK) of human GFAP.  Immunogen Type: Peptide  \$206B-9  IgG1  Human, Mouse (Murine), Rat (Rattus)
Clone:  Isotype:  Cross-Reactivity:	with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 411-422 (KTVEMRDGEVIK) of human GFAP.  Immunogen Type: Peptide  \$206B-9  IgG1  Human, Mouse (Murine), Rat (Rattus)  Anti-GFAP R416WT Antibody was purified from concentrated tissue culture supernate by

#### Target Details

Target:	GFAP R416WT
Abstract:	GFAP R416WT Products
Background:	Synonyms: Glial fibrillary acidic protein, Intermediate filament protein, Astrocyte, gfapl,
	DKFZp459C0729, MGC139638, FLJ45472, Al836096, GFAP antibody
	Background: The 50 kDa type III intermediate filament protein glial fibrillary acidic protein
	(GFAP) is a major structural component of astrocytes. GFAP associates with the calcium
	binding protein annexin II-p2 and S-100. Association with these proteins together with
	phosphorylation regulates GFAP polymerization. Astroycytes respond to brain injury by
	proliferatin (astrogliosis), and one of the first events to occur during astrocyte proiliferation is
	increased GFAP expression. Interestingly, antibodies to GFAP have been detected in individuals
	with dementia. Anti-GFAP is ideal for investigators involved in Neuroscience Research, including
	Alexander Disease, Oligodendroglioma, Cytoskleton Remolding Neurofilaments and PIP3/AKT
	Signaling.
	Gene Name: GFAP
Gene ID:	2670
UniProt:	P14136

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes:	Immunohistochemistry Dilution: User Optimized	
	Application Note: Anti-GFAP R416WT Antibody is suitable for use in Western blot,	
	Immunohistochemistry, and Immunocytochemistry. Expect a band approximately $\sim\!50~\text{kDa}$ on	
	specific lysates or tissues. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end	
	user.	
	ELISA Dilution: 1:10,000	
	Western Blot Dilution: 1:1000	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	

## Handling

Format:	Liquid	
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2	
	Stabilizer: 50 % (v/v) Glycerol	
	0.1 % (w/v) Sodium Azide	

## Handling

Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	RT,4 °C,-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.	