

Datasheet for ABIN6657341  
**anti-COL1A1 antibody (C-Term)**



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2 Images

1 Publication

## Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	COL1A1
Binding Specificity:	C-Term
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This COL1A1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA, Immunoprecipitation (IP)

## Product Details

Purpose:	Collagen I alpha 1 telopeptide Antibody
Immunogen:	Anti-Collagen-1 alpha 1 telopeptide Antibody was produced in rabbit by repeated immunizations with a proprietary peptide immunogen corresponding to collagen-1 alpha 1 telopeptide (C-terminal region).
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Anti-Collagen I alpha 1 telopeptide antibody is directed against the ~ 140 kDa telopeptide portion of the collagen I $\alpha$ 1 polypeptide (C-terminus).
Purification:	Anti-Collagen I alpha 1 telopeptide antibody was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity purification.

## Target Details

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Target: COL1A1

Alternative Name: COL1A1 ([COL1A1 Products](#))

Background: Synonyms: Alpha-1 type I collagen, COLA1A1

Background: Collagen I alpha 1 telopeptide Antibody detects collagen I which is an extracellular matrix protein that serves as a scaffold defining the shape and mechanical properties of many tissues and organs including skin, tendon, artery walls, fibrocartilage, bone and teeth. Type 1 collagen is the most abundant protein in mammals. Collagens are synthesized with N-terminal and C-terminal propeptides that are cleaved during maturation and secretion. After cleavage of the propeptides, the most N-terminal and C-terminal remaining sequences are known as telopeptides. Mutations in the collagen 1, alpha 1 gene (COL1A1) are known to cause osteogenesis imperfecta (aka brittle bone disease). Furthermore, mutations found in the first 90 residues of the helical region of alpha 1 collagen have been implicated in the prevention or delayed removal of the procollagen N-propeptide leading to a combined osteogenesis imperfecta and Ehlers-Danlos syndrome (EDS) phenotype. Anti-Collagen I alpha 1 telopeptide Antibody is ideal for investigators involved in Cell Signaling, Neuroscience, Signal Transduction research.

Gene Name: COL1A1

Gene ID: 1277

NCBI Accession: [NP\\_000079](#)

Pathways: [Sensory Perception of Sound](#), [Autophagy](#), [Growth Factor Binding](#)

## Application Details

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Application Notes: Immunoprecipitation\_Dilution: 1:100  
ELISA\_Dilution: 1:10,000  
Immunohistochemistry\_Dilution: 1:100  
Western\_Blot\_Dilution: 1:1,000

Comment: Suggested Applications: ELISA, IF

Anti-Collagen 1 alpha 1 telopeptide Antibody is tested for use in ELISA, Western Blotting and IHC. The antibody works well for IHC on paraformaldehyde-fixed sections with a simple antigen-retrieval protocol (incubate slides for 20 minutes at 90° C in 10 mM sodium citrate (pH 6.0)/ 0.1 % Tween-20). Note that in paraffin sections of formaldehyde-fixed fibrotic mouse lung tissue, the antibody recognizes mature collagen I that has formed fibrils in the extracellular matrix. For Western blot with appropriately prepared samples expect a band of approximately

## Application Details

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140 kDa in size corresponding to the telopeptide portion (C-terminus) of the collagen I alpha I polypeptide. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

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Format: Liquid

Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2

Stabilizer: None

Preservative: None

Preservative: Without preservative

Storage: 4 °C, -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. This product is stable at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. For extended storage, aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

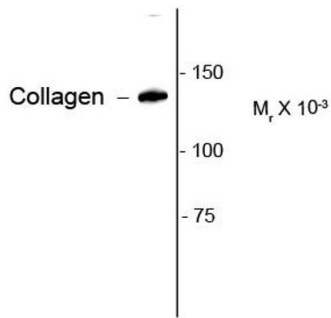
Expiry Date: 12 months

## Publications

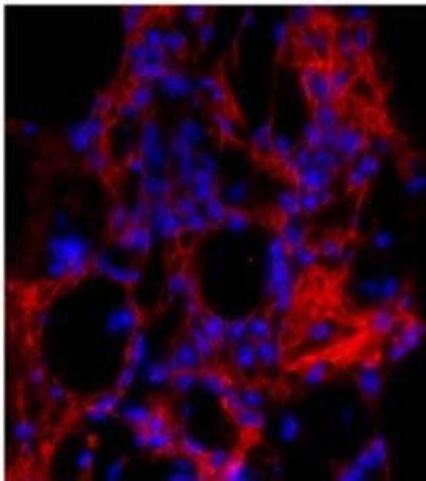
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Product cited in: Palano, Jansson, Backmark, Martinsson, Sabirsh, Hultenby, Åkerblad, Granberg, Jennbacken, Müllers, Hansson: "A high-content, in vitro cardiac fibrosis assay for high-throughput, phenotypic identification of compounds with anti-fibrotic activity." in: **Journal of molecular and cellular cardiology**, Vol. 142, pp. 105-117, (2021) ([PubMed](#)).

### Anti-Collagen I $\alpha$ 1, telopeptide



Western blot of rat lung lysate showing specific immunolabeling of the ~140k collagen protein.



#### Western Blotting

**Image 1.** Western Blot of Anti-Collagen 1, alpha 1 telopeptide (Rabbit) Antibody - 600-401-D20 Western Blot of Anti-Collagen 1, alpha 1 telopeptide (Rabbit) Antibody. Lane 1: rat lung lysate. Lane 2: none. Load: 10  $\mu$ g per lane. Primary antibody: Collagen 1 antibody at 1:400 for overnight at 4°C. Secondary antibody: rabbit secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Block: 5% BLOTTO overnight at 4°C. Predicted/Observed size: ~ 140kDa/~140kDa for collagen protein. Other band(s): none.

#### Immunohistochemistry

**Image 2.** Anti-Collagen 1, alpha 1 telopeptide Antibody - Immunohistochemistry. Immunohistochemistry of Rabbit Anti-Collagen 1, alpha 1 telopeptide Antibody. Tissue: mouse lung tissue. Fixation: formalin fixed paraffin embedded. Antigen retrieval: not required. Primary antibody: collagen I antibody at 10  $\mu$ g/mL for 1 h at RT. Secondary antibody: Peroxidase rabbit secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Localization: collagen I is extracellular. Staining: mature collagen I (red) that has formed fibrils with hematoxylin purple nuclear counterstain.