

Datasheet for ABIN6658225

## anti-GABRB3 antibody (Cytoplasmic Loop)



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### Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	GABRB3
Binding Specificity:	Cytoplasmic Loop
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This GABRB3 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Multiplex Assay (MA)

### Product Details

Purpose:	GABAA Receptor beta 3 Antibody
Immunogen:	Anti-GABA(A) Receptor beta 3 Antibody was produced by repeated immunizations with recombinant fusion protein from the cytoplasmic loop of the beta 3 subunit of rat GABAA.
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Anti-GABA(A) Receptor beta 3 Antibody is directed against rat GABA(A) Receptor beta 3.
Purification:	The antibody was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity purification.

### Target Details

Target:	GABRB3
Alternative Name:	GABA(A) Receptor beta 3 ( <a href="#">GABRB3 Products</a> )

## Target Details

Background:	<p>Synonyms: Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-3, GABA(A) receptor subunit beta-3, Gabrb3</p> <p>Background: Anti-GABA(A) Receptor beta 3 Antibody detects GABA(A) Receptor beta 3.</p> <p>Gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) is the primary inhibitory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system, causing a hyperpolarization of the membrane through the opening of a Cl<sup>-</sup> channel associated with the GABAA receptor (GABAA-R) subtype. GABAA-Rs are important therapeutic targets for a range of sedative, anxiolytic, and hypnotic agents and are implicated in several diseases including epilepsy, anxiety, depression, and substance abuse. The GABAA-R is a multimeric subunit complex. To date six <math>\alpha</math>s, four <math>\beta</math>s and four <math>\gamma</math>s, plus alternative splicing variants of some of these subunits, have been identified. Injection in oocytes or mammalian cell lines of cRNA coding for <math>\alpha</math>- and <math>\beta</math>-subunits results in the expression of functional GABAA-Rs sensitive to GABA. However, coexpression of a <math>\gamma</math>-subunit is required for benzodiazepine modulation. The various effects of the benzodiazepines in brain may also be mediated via different <math>\alpha</math>-subunits of the receptor. GABA(A) receptor beta 3 antibody is ideal for investigators involved in Neuroscience.</p> <p>Gene Name: GABRB3</p>
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Gene ID: 24922

NCBI Accession: [NP\\_058761](#)

UniProt: [P63079](#)

Pathways: [Sensory Perception of Sound](#)

## Application Details

Application Notes:	<p>Immunohistochemistry_Dilution: User Optimized</p> <p>Western_Blot_Dilution: 1:1000</p>
Comment:	<p>Suggested Applications: Other</p> <p>Anti-GABA(A) Receptor beta 3 (Rabbit) antibody tested for use in Western Blotting and Immunohistochemistry. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band of approximately 53 kDa in size corresponding to the beta 3 subunit of GABA A receptor in the appropriate cell lysate or extract.</p>
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format: Liquid

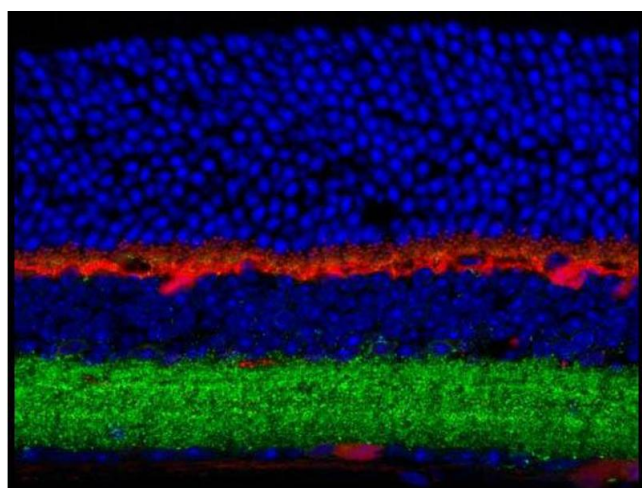
## Handling

Buffer:	Buffer: 0.01 M HEPES, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.5 Stabilizer: 0.1 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - IgG and Protease free, 50 % (v/v) Glycerol
Storage:	4 °C, -20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. This product is stable at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. For extended storage, aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	12 months

## Publications

Product cited in:	Yamaura, Kiyonaka, Hamachi: "Construction of Protein-Based Biosensors Using Ligand-Directed Chemistry for Detecting Analyte Binding." in: <b>Methods in enzymology</b> , Vol. 589, pp. 253-280, (2017) ( <a href="#">PubMed</a> ).
	Yamaura, Kiyonaka, Numata, Inoue, Hamachi: "Discovery of allosteric modulators for GABAA receptors by ligand-directed chemistry." in: <b>Nature chemical biology</b> , Vol. 12, Issue 10, pp. 822-30, (2017) ( <a href="#">PubMed</a> ).

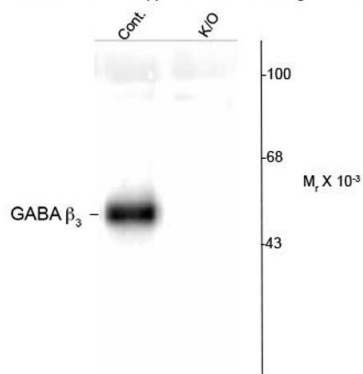
## Images



### Immunohistochemistry

**Image 1.** Immunohistochemistry of Anti-GABA(A) Receptor beta 3 (Rabbit) Antibody. Tissue: mouse retina. Labeling: GABA(A) Receptor beta 3 subunit in green, calbindin in red, and DNA in blue.

Anti-GABA<sub>A</sub> Receptor,  $\beta_3$ -Subunit



Western blot of 5-7  $\mu$ g of mouse cerebellum lysates from wild type (control) and  $\beta_3$  knockout ( $\beta_3$  K/O) animals showing specific immunolabeling of the ~53k  $\beta_3$  subunit of the GABA<sub>A</sub>-R in the wild type but not in the  $\beta_3$  K/O animals.

Western Blotting

**Image 2.** Western blot of GABAA Receptor  $\beta_3$  Antibody  
Western Blot of Rabbit anti-GABAA Receptor  $\beta_3$  Antibody.  
Lane 1: mouse cerebellum lysates from wild type. Lane 2: mouse cerebellum lysates from  $\beta_3$  knockout ( $\beta_3$  K/O).  
Load: 5-7  $\mu$ g per lane. Primary antibody: GABAA-R antibody at 1:400 for overnight at 4°C. Secondary antibody: rabbit secondary antibody at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Block: 5% BLOTTO overnight at 4°C. Predicted/Observed size: ~53kDa/~53kDa for  $\beta_3$ -subunit of the GABAA-R in the wild type. Other band(s): none.