

Datasheet for ABIN6658262

anti-CAMK2A antibody

2 Images



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Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	CAMK2A
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This CAMK2A antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunofluorescence (IF), Fluorescence Microscopy (FM)

Product Details

Purpose:	CaMKII Antibody
Immunogen:	CaMKII Antibody was produced in mice by repeated immunizations with synthetic peptide of rat CaMKII.
Clone:	22B1
Isotype:	lgG1
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	This monoclonal antibody is specific for CaMKII protein.
Purification:	Anti-CaMKII Antibody was purified by Protein G chromatography.
Sterility:	Sterile filtered

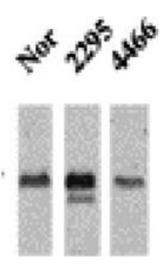
Target Details

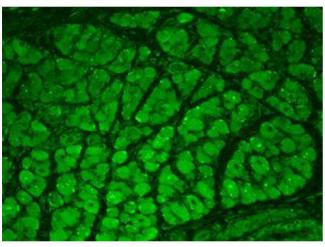
Target:	CAMK2A
Alternative Name:	Camk2a (CAMK2A Products)
Background:	Synonyms: CamK2, CamK2A, CamK2B, CamK2D, CamK2G, CAMKA, Calcium/calmodulin-
	dependent protein kinase type II subunit alpha, CaM kinase II subunit alpha
	Background: CaMKII is an important member of calcium/calmodulin- activated protein kinase
	family, functioning in neural synaptic stimulation and T-cell receptor signaling. CaMKII is
	expressed in many different tissues but is specifically found in the neurons of the forebrain and
	its mRNA is found within the dendrites and the soma of the neuron. The CaMKII that is found in
	the neurons consist of two subunits of 52 (termed alpha genes) and 60 kDa (beta genes).
	CaMKII has catalytic and regulatory domains, as well as an ATP-binding domain, and a
	consensus phosphorylation site. The binding of Ca2+ auto inhibitory effect and activates the
	kinase . This kinase activation results in autophosphorylation at threonine 286. The threonine
	phosphorylation state of CaMKII can be regulated through PP1/PKA. Whereas PP1 (protein
	phosphatase 1) dephosphorylates phospho-CaMKII at Thr286, PKA (protein kinase A) prevents
	this dephosphorylation. Autophosphorylation also enables CaMKII to attain an enhanced
	affinity for NMDA receptors in postsynaptic densities.
	Gene Name: Camk2a
Gene ID:	25400
NCBI Accession:	NP_037052
UniProt:	P11275
Pathways:	WNT Signaling, Interferon-gamma Pathway, Myometrial Relaxation and Contraction
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Immunoprecipitation_Dilution: User Optimized
	ELISA_Dilution: 1:200
	IF_Microscopy_Dilution: User Optimized
	Western_Blot_Dilution: 1 µg/mL
Comment:	Anti-CaMKII Antibody is tested by IF, IP, WB, IHC, and ELISA. Detects phosphorylated CaMKII
	from rat tissues. This antibody is specific for α and β subunits of CaMKII only when they are
	phosphorylated at Thr-286/287 (in β). Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by
	the end user.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 Stabilizer: 50 % (v/v) Glycerol
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images





Western Blotting

Image 1. CaMKII Western Blot. Western Blot of mouse anti-CaMKII anitbody. Lane 1: Nor. Lane 2: 2295. Lane 3: 4466. (Each lane are ventricles of 14 day old mice over expressing CaMK.) Load: 10ug. Primary antibody: CaMKII at 1:1000 overnight at 4°C. Secondary antibody: Goat anti-mouse IgG HRP at 1:40,000 for 45 min at RT. Blocked: 5% Blotto overnight at 4°C. Predicated/observed size: 54 kDa, 54 Da for CaMKII.

Immunofluorescence

Image 2. CaMKII Immunofluorescence. Immunofluorescence Microscopy of mouse Anti-CaMKII antibody. Tissue: Backskin section of transgenic mice. Fixation: Paraffin-embedded. Primary antibody: anti-CaMKII for 1h at RT. Seondary antibody: Peroxidase mouse secondary at 1:10,000 for 45 min at RT. Localization: Cell junction. Staining: Calreticulin as precipiated green signal.