antibodies - online.com







GLUL Protein (AA 1-373) (His tag)



Image



-						
O	V	e	rv	1	е	W

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	GLUL
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-373
Origin:	Human
Source:	Escherichia coli (E. coli)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This GLUL protein is labelled with His tag.
Application:	SDS-PAGE (SDS)
Product Details	
Characteristics:	GLUL, 1-373aa, Human, His tag, E.coli
Purity:	> 90 % by SDS - PAGE

Target Details

Target:	GLUL
Alternative Name:	GLUL (GLUL Products)
Background:	Glutamine synthetase (GLUL), which is therefore able to regulate intracellular concentrations of
	glutamate. GLUL catalyzes the synthesis of glutamine from glutamate and ammonia.
	Glutamine is a main source of energy and is involved in cell proliferation, inhibition of apoptosis,
	and cell signaling. GLUL is essential for proliferation of fetal skin fibroblasts and plays an
	important role in controlling body pH by removing ammonia from circulation. Mutations in

Target Details

	GLUL are associated with congenital glutamine deficiency. Recombinant GLUL protein , fused
	to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional
	chromatography techniques. Synonyms: GS, GLNS, Glutamine synthetase, Glutamate-ammonia
	ligase, Glutamate decarboxylase. NCBI no.: NP_001028216
Molecular Weight:	44.2kDa (393aa), confirmed by MALDI-TOF

Pathways:

Positive Regulation of Peptide Hormone Secretion

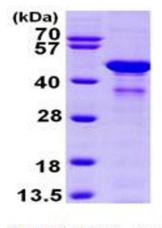
Application Details

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)
Buffer:	Liquid. In 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH8.0) containing 20% glycerol, 5mM DTT, 200mM NaCl
Storage:	4 °C

Images



15% SDS-PAGE (3ug)

SDS-PAGE

Image 1.