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Goat anti-Mouse IgG Antibody (DyLight 488) - Preadsorbed





Publication



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Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	IgG
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Goat
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	DyLight 488
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), FLISA, Fluorescence Microscopy (FM)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Immunogen: Mouse IgG whole molecule
Isotype:	IgG
Characteristics:	Synonyms: Goat Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody DyLight™488 Conjugated, Goat Anti-
	Mouse IgG Antibody DyLight™488 Conjugated, Anti-mouse IgG secondary antibody, anti-mouse
	IgG DyLight™488 conjugated secondary antibody
	Background: Anti-Mouse IgG DyLight 488 Antibody generated in goat detects reactivity to
	Mouse IgG. Secreted as part of the adaptive immune response by plasma B cells,
	immunoglobulin G constitutes 75 $\%$ of serum immunoglobulins. Immunoglobulin G binds to
	viruses, bacteria, as well as fungi and facilitates their destruction or neutralization via
	agglutination (and thereby immobilizing them), activation of the compliment cascade, and
	opsinization for phagocytosis. The whole IgG molecule possesses both the F(c) region,
	recognized by high-affinity Fc receptor proteins, as well as the F(ab) region possessing the
	epitope-recognition site. Both the Heavy and Light chains of the antibody molecule are present.

Product Details

Product Details			
	Secondary Antibodies are available in a variety of formats and conjugate types. When choosing a secondary antibody product, consideration must be given to species and immunoglobulin specificity, conjugate type, fragment and chain specificity, level of cross-reactivity, and host-species source and fragment composition.		
Purification:	Preadsorption: Solid phase absorption		
Labeling Ratio:	4.8		
Target Details			
Target:	IgG		
Abstract:	IgG Products		
Target Type:	Antibody		
Application Details			
Application Notes:	Application Note: This product is designed for immunofluorescence microscopy, fluorescence based plate assays (FLISA) and fluorescent western blotting. This product is also suitable for multiplex analysis, including multicolor imaging, utilizing various commercial platforms. The emission spectra for this DyLight™ conjugate match the principle output wavelengths of most common fluorescence instrumentation. FLISA Dilution: >1:20,000 Western Blot Dilution: >1:10,000 IF Microscopy Dilution: >1:5,000		
Restrictions:	For Research Use only		
Handling			
Format:	Lyophilized		
Reconstitution:	Reconstitution Volume: 100 µL Reconstitution Buffer: Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)		
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 Stabilizer: 10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free 0.01 % (w/v) Sodium Azide		
Preservative:	Sodium azide		

Handling

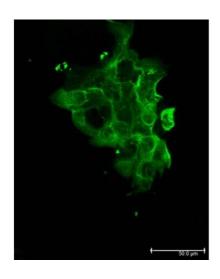
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	RT,4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Publications

Product cited in:

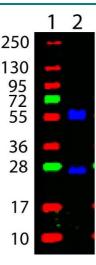
Manning, Bundros, Trimmer: "Benefits and pitfalls of secondary antibodies: why choosing the right secondary is of primary importance." in: **PLoS ONE**, Vol. 7, Issue 6, pp. e38313, (2012) (PubMed).

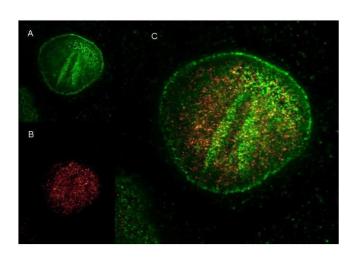
Images



Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Dylight 488 Goat Anti Mouse IgG antibody-Immunofluorescence Dylight 488 Goat Anti Mouse IgG antibody-Immunofluorescence Cell Type: A431 cells Fixation: 4% paraformaldehyde 10 min Permeablization: 0.5% Triton X 30 min Primary Ab: 200-301-880 lot 28977 1:250 72 hours 4°C Secondary Ab: 610-141-121 lot 21286 1:1000 overnight 4°C





Western Blotting

Image 2. DyLight™ 488 Goat Anti Mouse IgG - Western Blot. Western Blot showing detection of Mouse IgG, heavy and light chain. 100 ng of Mouse IgG (Lane 2) was run on a 4-20% gel and transferred to 0.45 µm nitrocellulose. After blocking with 1% BSA-TTBS, diluted to 1X) 30 min at 20°C, Anti-MOUSE IgG (H&L) (GOAT) Antibody 488 Conjugated (Min X Bv Ch Gt GP Ham Hs Hu Rb Rt & Sh Serum Proteins) secondary antibody was used at 1:1000 in Blocking Buffer for Fluorescent Western Blotting and imaged using the Bio-Rad 4000 MP. Molecular weight markers are in lane 1.

Immunofluorescence

Image 3. Dylight 488 Goat Anti Mouse IgG antibody-Immunofluorescence Planet DyLight and ATTO dye conjugated antibodies provide high signal and low background for confocal microscopy and high resolution Stimulated Emission Depletion (STED) Microscopy. Both Dylight and Atto conjugated secondary antibodies maintained robust, intense signal during repeated laser excitation and de-excitation used during STED microscopy. Shown here are: A. (Green) Mouse anti NuP (NuP=Nuclear Pore Protein) detected with Dylight 488 Goat anti mouse B. (Red) Rabbit Anti Ezh1/2 Pab (Ezh=enhancer of zeste homology) with detection by ATTO 425 conjugated Goat anti Rabbit C. (Red and Green) Images combined. Data was collected on a STED-CW TCS-SP5 Confocal system (Leica Microsystems) equipped with a DFC 350FX Camera allowing sequential acquisition in wide-field, confocal and STED CW imaging modes and provided courtesy of: Myriam Gastard, PhD, personal communication, Leica Microsystems, Inc. USA

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 4 images are available for ABIN6699005.