

Datasheet for ABIN6719287

anti-TNFRSF1A antibody (AA 22-211)



Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	TNFRSF1A
Binding Specificity:	AA 22-211
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This TNFRSF1A antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA, Flow Cytometry (FACS)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Anti-TNF Receptor I/TNFRSF1A Antibody Picoband®
Immunogen:	E. coli-derived human TNF Receptor I recombinant protein (Position: I22-T211).
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No cross-reactivity with other proteins.
Characteristics:	Anti-TNF Receptor I/TNFRSF1A Antibody Picoband® (ABIN6719287). Tested in ELISA, IHC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat. The brand Picoband indicates this is a premium antibody that guarantees superior quality, high affinity, and strong signals with minimal background in Western blot applications. Only our best-performing antibodies are designated as Picoband, ensuring unmatched performance.
Purification:	Immunogen affinity purified.

Target Details

Target:	TNFRSF1A
Alternative Name:	TNFRSF1A (TNFRSF1A Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A, Tumor necrosis factor
	receptor 1, TNF-R1, Tumor necrosis factor receptor type I, TNF-RI, TNFR-I, p55, p60, CD120a,
	Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A, membrane form, Tumor necrosis factor-binding protein 1, TBPI, TNFRSF1A, TNFAR, TNFR1
	Tissue Specificity: Activated T-cells. Highly expressed on tonsillar T-cells, which are closely
	associated with B-cells in the apical light zone of germinal centers, the site of terminal B- cell
	maturation. Expressed at lower levels in thymus, lung, lymph node and peripheral blood
	leukocytes. Expressed in the medulla of fetal and newborn thymus.
	Background: Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A (TNFRSF1A), also known
	as TNFR1, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the TNFRSF1A gene. The protein encoded
	by this gene is a member of the Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, which also
	contains TNFRSF1B. The TNFR1 gene is mapped to 12pter-cen. It encodes a protein of 455
	amino acids. And this receptor can activate the transcription factor NF-kB, mediate apoptosis,
	and function as a regulator of inflammation.
Molecular Weight:	55 kDa
Gene ID:	7132
UniProt:	P19438
Pathways:	NF-kappaB Signaling, Apoptosis, Caspase Cascade in Apoptosis, Hepatitis C, Ubiquitin Proteasome Pathway
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/mL
	Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Section), 2-5 µg/mL
	ELISA (Cap), 1-5 μg/mL
	1. Baker E, Chen LZ, Smith CA, Callen DF, Goodwin R, Sutherland GR (Nov 1991). "Chromosoma
	location of the human tumor necrosis factor receptor genes". Cytogenet Cell Genet 57 (2-3):
	117-8. 2. Schall TJ, Lewis M, Koller KJ, Lee A, Rice GC, Wong GH, Gatanaga T, Granger GA,
	Lentz R, Raab H, et al. (Jun 1990). "Molecular cloning and expression of a receptor for human
	tumor necrosis factor". Cell 61 (2): 361-70.
Comment:	Tested Species: In-house tested species with positive results. By Heat: Boiling the paraffin
	sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH6.0, for 20mins is required for the staining of

Application Details

	formalin/paraffin sections. Other applications have not been tested. Optimal dilutions should be determined by end users.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Add 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/mL.
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na2HPO4, 0.01 mg Sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.