

## Datasheet for ABIN674546

# anti-GABBR2 antibody (AA 501-650) (Biotin)



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| Quantity:            | 100 μL  |
|----------------------|---|
| Target:              | GABBR2  |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 501-650  |
| Reactivity:          | Human, Rat, Mouse   |
| Host:                | Rabbit  |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal  |
| Conjugate:           | This GABBR2 antibody is conjugated to Biotin  |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)) |

#### **Product Details**

| Immunogen:            | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GABA B Receptor 2 |
|-----------------------|---|
| Isotype:              | IgG   |
| Cross-Reactivity:     | Human, Mouse, Rat   |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Dog,Cow,Horse,Chicken,Rabbit  |
| Purification:         | Purified by Protein A.  |

## Target Details

| Target:           | GABBR2                              |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Alternative Name: | GABA B Receptor 2 (GABBR2 Products) |

#### Target Details

Background:

Synonyms: HG20, GPR51, GPRC3B, GABABR2, HRIHFB2099, Gamma-aminobutyric acid type B receptor subunit 2, GABA-B receptor 2, GABA-B-R2, GABA-BR2, Gb2, G-protein coupled receptor 51. GABBR2

Background: Component of a heterodimeric G-protein coupled receptor for GABA, formed by GABBR1 and GABBR2. Within the heterodimeric GABA receptor, only GABBR1 seems to bind agonists, while GABBR2 mediates coupling to G proteins. Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors, such as adenylate cyclase. Signaling inhibits adenylate cyclase, stimulates phospholipase A2, activates potassium channels, inactivates voltage-dependent calcium-channels and modulates inositol phospholipid hydrolysis. Plays a critical role in the fine-tuning of inhibitory synaptic transmission. Presynaptic GABA receptor inhibits neurotransmitter release by down-regulating high-voltage activated calcium channels, whereas postsynaptic GABA receptor decreases neuronal excitability by activating a prominent inwardly rectifying potassium (Kir) conductance that underlies the late inhibitory postsynaptic potentials. Not only implicated in synaptic inhibition but also in hippocampal long-term potentiation, slow wave sleep, muscle relaxation and antinociception.

Gene ID:

9568

UniProt:

075899

Pathways:

cAMP Metabolic Process

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes:

WB 1:300-5000

IHC-P 1:200-400

IHC-F 1:100-500

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

#### Handling

Format:

Liquid

Concentration:

 $1 \mu g/\mu L$ 

Buffer:

Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS ( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and

50 % Glycerol.

### Handling

| Preservative:      | ProClin  |
|--------------------|--|
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage:           | -20 °C   |
| Storage Comment:   | Store at -20°C for 12 months.  |
| Expiry Date:       | 12 months  |