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Datasheet for ABIN6746188

## anti-SNRPN antibody (AA 46-95)

1 Image

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### Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	SNRPN
Binding Specificity:	AA 46-95
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Cow, Guinea Pig, Dog, Horse, Rabbit, Monkey, Pig
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This SNRPN antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB)

### Product Details

Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide located between aa46-95 of human SNRPN (P63162, NP_003088). Percent identity by BLAST analysis: Human, Chimpanzee, Gorilla, Orangutan, Gibbon, Monkey, Galago, Marmoset, Mouse, Rat, Elephant, Dog, Bovine, Rabbit, Horse, Pig, Opossum, Guinea pig (100%), Turkey, Zebra finch, Chicken, Xenopus, Salmon, Stickleback, Zebrafish (92%), Panda, Bat (85%), Drosophila (83%).  Type of Immunogen: Synthetic peptide
Specificity:	Human SNRPN
Predicted Reactivity:	Percent identity by BLAST analysis: Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Rabbit, Guinea pig (100%) Xenopus (92%).
Purification:	Immunoaffinity purified

## Target Details

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Target:	SNRPN
Alternative Name:	SNRPN ( <a href="#">SNRPN Products</a> )
Background:	Name/Gene ID: SNRPN  Synonyms: SNRPN, HCERN3, RT-LI, Sm protein D, Sm-N, Sm protein N, SMN, SNURF-SNRPN, PWCR, SM-D, SNRNP-N
Gene ID:	6638
NCBI Accession:	<a href="#">NP_003088</a>

## Application Details

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Application Notes:	Approved: WB (1 µg/mL)  Usage: Western Blot: Suggested dilution at 1 µg/mL in 5 % skim milk / PBS buffer, and HRP conjugated anti-Rabbit IgG should be diluted in 1: 50,000 - 100,000 as secondary antibody.
Comment:	Target Species of Antibody: Human
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

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Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Distilled water
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	Lyophilized from PBS with 2 % sucrose
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C, -20 °C
Storage Comment:	Long term: -20°C, the use of 50% glycerol is recommended if storing aliquots in -20°C for long term use (up to 1 year) Short term (less than 1 week): 4°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

## Publications

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Product cited in:	Pan, Thomson: "Nanog and transcriptional networks in embryonic stem cell pluripotency." in:
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**Cell research**, Vol. 17, Issue 1, pp. 42-9, (2007) ([PubMed](#)).

Nishimoto, Fukushima, Okuda, Muramatsu: "The gene for the embryonic stem cell coactivator UTF1 carries a regulatory element which selectively interacts with a complex composed of Oct-3/4 and Sox-2." in: **Molecular and cellular biology**, Vol. 19, Issue 8, pp. 5453-65, (1999) ([PubMed](#)).

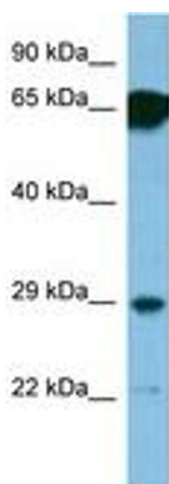
Vigano, Staudt: "Transcriptional activation by Oct-3: evidence for a specific role of the POU-specific domain in mediating functional interaction with Oct-1." in: **Nucleic acids research**, Vol. 24, Issue 11, pp. 2112-8, (1996) ([PubMed](#)).

Yuan, Corbi, Basilico, Dailey: "Developmental-specific activity of the FGF-4 enhancer requires the synergistic action of Sox2 and Oct-3." in: **Genes & development**, Vol. 9, Issue 21, pp. 2635-45, (1995) ([PubMed](#)).

Okamoto, Okazawa, Okuda, Sakai, Muramatsu, Hamada: "A novel octamer binding transcription factor is differentially expressed in mouse embryonic cells." in: **Cell**, Vol. 60, Issue 3, pp. 461-72, (1990) ([PubMed](#)).

## Images

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**Image 1.**