

## Datasheet for ABIN675497

# anti-Vasopressin antibody (HRP)



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Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	Vasopressin (AVP)	
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This Vasopressin antibody is conjugated to HRP	
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ADH (CYFQNCPRG-NH? (Disulfide bond	
	1,6)	

IgG Isotype: Cross-Reactivity: Human, Mouse

Purified by Protein A.

Purification:

## Target Details

Target:	Vasopressin (AVP)	
Alternative Name:	ADH/AVP/ARVP (AVP Products)	
Background:	Synonyms: Antidiuretic Hormone, Arginine Vasopressin, ADH, Arginine vasopressin neuroph II, ARVP, AVP, AVP NPII, AVRP, Vasopressin neurophysin 2 copeptin precursor, Vasopressin	

neurophysin II copeptin, VP.

Background: Vasopressin, also known as arginine vasopressin (AVP) or antidiuretic hormone (ADH), is a posterior pituitary hormone that is synthesised in the hypothalamus. Vasopressin is synthesised as a precursor protein that consists of arginine vasopressin and two associated proteins, neurophysin 2 and the glycopeptide copeptin. Vasopressin, together with its carrier protein neurophysin II, is packaged into neurosecretory vesicles and transported axonally to the nerve endings in the neurohypophysis, where it is either stored or secreted into the bloodstream. Vasopressin acts as a growth factor by enhancing pH regulation through acid-base transport systems. It has a direct antidiuretic action on the kidney and also causes vasoconstriction of the peripheral vessels. Vasopressin can also contract smooth muscle during parturition and lactation. It also plays a role in cognition, tolerance, adaptation and complex sexual and maternal behaviour, as well as in the regulation of water excretion and cardiovascular functions. Mutations in the vasopressin precursor cause autosomal dominant neurohypophyseal diabetes insipidus (ADNDI), which is characterised by persistant thirst, polydipsia and polyuria.

Gene ID: 551

UniProt: P01185

Pathways: cAMP Metabolic Process

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes: IHC-P 1:200-400

IHC-F 1:100-500

Restrictions: For Research Use only

### Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.

## Handling

Handling Advice:	Do NOT add Sodium Azide! Use of Sodium Azide will inhibit enzyme activity of horseradish peroxidase.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months