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anti-SCGB1A1 antibody (AA 51-96)

Images



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Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	SCGB1A1
Binding Specificity:	AA 51-96
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This SCGB1A1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from mouse Uteroglobin
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Mouse
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

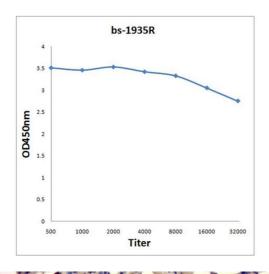
Target Details

Alternative Name:	Uteroglobin (SCGB1A1 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Scgb1a1, secretoglobin family 1A member 1, UG, UGB, Utg, CC10, CC16, CCSP,
	PCB-BP, Clara cell 17 kDa protein, Clara cell phospholipid-binding prote, CCPBP, Clara cells 10
	kDa secretory protein, PCB-binding protein, Urinary Protein 1, Urine Protein 1.
	Background: Uteroglobin belongs to the family of secretoglobins and is a secreted protein
	product of nonciliated bronchiolar Clara cells. There is convincing data suggesting it has
	phospholipase A2 inhibitory activity, as well as, a number of other immunomodulatory features
	including inhibition of interferon gamma signalling and Th1 vs. Th2 lymphocyte regulation. It
	was proposed as a potential peripheral marker of respiratory epithelial injury and bronchial
	dysfunction. Clara Cell Protein 16 concentrations have been determined in both serum and
	bronchoalveolar lavage fluid in numerous studies since 1994. In serum, its increase is
	associated with age, asbestos, nitrogen chloride and ozone exposure, sarcoidosis and high
	PEEP ventilation. Decreased serum CC16 levels are found after pulmonary resection, in silica-
	exposed workers, smokers and in asthma. Decreased CC16 concentrations were also found in
	the amniotic fluid of fetuses suffering from pulmonary hypoplasia caused by various
	mechanisms (diaphragmatic hernia, diabetic fetopathy, Turner and Down syndrome). In pleural
	effusions, the CC16 concentration appears to be associated with its diffusion from the lung as
	evidenced by high CC16 levels in cardiac pleural congestion.
Gene ID:	22287
UniProt:	Q06318
Application Details	
Application Notes:	WB 1:300-5000
	ELISA 1:500-1000
	IHC-P 1:200-400
	IHC-F 1:100-500
	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200
	IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200
	IF(ICC) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	

Handling

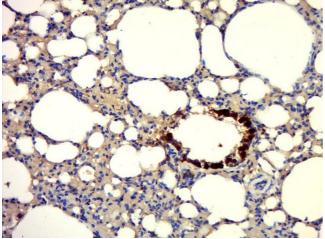
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



ELISA

Image 1. Antigen: $0.2 \mu g/100 \mu L$ Primary: Antiserum, 1:500, 1:1000, 1:2000, 1:4000, 1:8000, 1:16000, 1:32000; Secondary: HRP conjugated Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1: 5000; TMB staining; Read the data in MicroplateReader by 450



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 2. Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded rat lung, Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min, Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes, Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min, Antibody incubation with Uteroglobin Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary for 20 minutes and DAB staining.