

## Datasheet for ABIN6757239

## anti-Tyrosine Hydroxylase antibody (AA 1-20)



## Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	Tyrosine Hydroxylase (TH)
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-20
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse, Rabbit, Cow, Monkey, Guinea Pig
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This Tyrosine Hydroxylase antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunoprecipitation (IP)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	Purified rat tyrosine hydroxylase (TH).
Isotype:	lgG1
Specificity:	Recognizes intact and the N-terminal (1-20aa) region of TH. Species cross-reactivity: Rat,
	mouse, human, bovine, monkey, sheep, guinea pig and rabbit. The monoclonal antibody has
	broad species cross-reactivity.
Purification:	Immunoaffinity purified
Target Details	
Target:	Tyrosine Hydroxylase (TH)

## **Target Details**

Background:	Name/Gene ID: TH
	Family: Monooxygenase
	Synonyms: TH, DYT14, Dystonia 14, TYH, Tyrosine 3-hydroxylase, Tyrosine hydroxylase, DYT5b,
	Tyrosine 3-monooxygenase
Gene ID:	7054
UniProt:	P07101
Pathways:	Dopaminergic Neurogenesis, Response to Water Deprivation, Sensory Perception of Sound, Carbohydrate Homeostasis, Feeding Behaviour
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Approved: IP, WB (1:1000 - 1:5000)
	Usage: Suitable for use in Western Blot and Immunoprecipitation. Western Blot: 1:1000-1:5000
	using Chemiluminescence substrates. Immunoprecipitation (Native and denatured TH): 10-20 µ
	L antibody per 100-200 µg of protein extracts.
Comment:	Target Species of Antibody: Rat
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	0.02 % sodium merthiolate or 0.1 % sodium azide as preservative, 40 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide, Thimerosal (Merthiolate)
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide and Thimerosal (Merthiolate): POISONOUS AND
	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Short term: 4°C. Long term: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.