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anti-PAFAH1B1 antibody (AA 311-410) (Cy7)



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Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	PAFAH1B1
Binding Specificity:	AA 311-410
Reactivity:	Rat, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This PAFAH1B1 antibody is conjugated to Cy7
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human LIS1
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Human
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	PAFAH1B1
Alternative Name:	Lis1 (PAFAH1B1 Products)

Target Details

Background:

Synonyms: MDS, LIS1, LIS2, MDCR, PAFAH, Platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase IB subunit alpha, Lissencephaly-1 protein, LIS-1, PAF acetylhydrolase 45 kDa subunit, PAF-AH 45 kDa subunit, PAF-AH alpha, PAFAH alpha, PAFAH1B1, PAFAHA

Background: Required for proper activation of Rho GTPases and actin polymerization at the leading edge of locomoting cerebellar neurons and postmigratory hippocampal neurons in response to calcium influx triggered via NMDA receptors. Non-catalytic subunit of an acetylhydrolase complex which inactivates platelet-activating factor (PAF) by removing the acetyl group at the SN-2 position (By similarity). Positively regulates the activity of the minusend directed microtubule motor protein dynein. May enhance dynein-mediated microtubule sliding by targeting dynein to the microtubule plus end. Required for several dynein- and microtubule-dependent processes such as the maintenance of Golgi integrity, the peripheral transport of microtubule fragments and the coupling of the nucleus and centrosome. Required during brain development for the proliferation of neuronal precursors and the migration of newly formed neurons from the ventricular/subventricular zone toward the cortical plate. Neuronal migration involves a process called nucleokinesis, whereby migrating cells extend an anterior process into which the nucleus subsequently translocates. During nucleokinesis dynein at the nuclear surface may translocate the nucleus towards the centrosome by exerting force on centrosomal microtubules. May also play a role in other forms of cell locomotion including the migration of fibroblasts during wound healing.

Gene ID:

5048

UniProt:

P43034

Pathways:

M Phase, Regulation of Cell Size

Application Details

Application Notes:

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:

Liquid

Concentration:

 $1 \mu g/\mu L$

Buffer:

Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and

Handling

	50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months