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anti-BTK antibody (pTyr223)

2 Images



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	BTK
Binding Specificity:	pTyr223
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This BTK antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))

Product Details

Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human Btk around the phosphorylation site of Tyr223 [AL(p-Y)DY]
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	This phosphorylation site is homologous in the listed cross reactive species at the specified location.
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Predicted Reactivity:	Rat,Cow,Pig,Horse,Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

BTK Target: BTK (BTK Products) Alternative Name: Background: Synonyms: AT, ATK, BPK, XLA, IMD1, AGMX1, PSCTK1, Tyrosine-protein kinase BTK, Agammaglobulinemia tyrosine kinase, B-cell progenitor kinase, Bruton tyrosine kinase, BTK Background: Non-receptor tyrosine kinase indispensable for B lymphocyte development, differentiation and signaling. Binding of antigen to the B-cell antigen receptor (BCR) triggers signaling that ultimately leads to B-cell activation. After BCR engagement and activation at the plasma membrane, phosphorylates PLCG2 at several sites, igniting the downstream signaling pathway through calcium mobilization, followed by activation of the protein kinase C (PKC) family members. PLCG2 phosphorylation is performed in close cooperation with the adapter protein B-cell linker protein BLNK. BTK acts as a platform to bring together a diverse array of signaling proteins and is implicated in cytokine receptor signaling pathways. Plays an important role in the function of immune cells of innate as well as adaptive immunity, as a component of the Toll-like receptors (TLR) pathway. The TLR pathway acts as a primary surveillance system for the detection of pathogens and are crucial to the activation of host defense. Especially, is a critical molecule in regulating TLR9 activation in splenic B-cells. Within the TLR pathway, induces tyrosine phosphorylation of TIRAP which leads to TIRAP degradation. BTK plays also a critical role in transcription regulation. Induces the activity of NF-kappa-B, which is involved in regulating the expression of hundreds of genes. BTK is involved on the signaling pathway linking TLR8 and TLR9 to NF-kappa-B. Transiently phosphorylates transcription factor GTF2I on tyrosine residues in response to BCR. GTF2I then translocates to the nucleus to bind regulatory enhancer elements to modulate gene expression. ARID3A and NFAT are other transcriptional target of BTK. BTK is required for the formation of functional ARID3A DNA-binding complexes. There is however no evidence that BTK itself binds directly to DNA. BTK has a dual role in the regulation of apoptosis. Gene ID: 695 UniProt: Q06187 Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, Hormone Transport, Activation of Innate immune Pathways: Response, Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response, Toll-Like Receptors Cascades, BCR Signaling **Application Details Application Notes:** ELISA 1:500-1000

Application Details

FCM 1:20-100
IHC-P 1:200-400
IHC-F 1:100-500
IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200
IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200
IF(ICC) 1:50-200
ICC 1:100-500

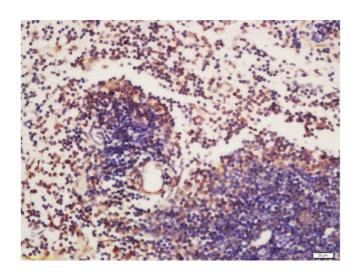
Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

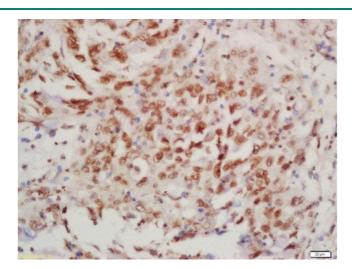
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded mouse spleen labeled with Rabbit Anti-BTK (Tyr223) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated at 1:200 followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 2. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded human lung carcinoma labeled with Rabbit Anti-BTK (Tyr223) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated at 1:200 followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining