

Datasheet for ABIN685050

anti-FAK antibody (pTyr576, pTyr577) (Biotin)



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	FAK (PTK2)
Binding Specificity:	pTyr576, pTyr577
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This FAK antibody is conjugated to Biotin
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human FAK around the phosphorylation site of Tyr576/577
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	These phosphorylation sites are homologous to Tyr614 + Tyr615 in Mouse.
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Dog,Cow,Horse,Chicken,Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	FAK (PTK2)
Alternative Name:	FAK + (PTK2 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: FAK, FADK, FAK1, FRNK, PPP1R71, p125FAK, pp125FAK, Focal adhesion kinase 1,
	FADK 1, Focal adhesion kinase-related nonkinase, Protein phosphatase 1 regulatory subunit 71
	Protein-tyrosine kinase 2, PTK2
	Background: Non-receptor protein-tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role in regulating cell
	migration, adhesion, spreading, reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton, formation and
	disassembly of focal adhesions and cell protrusions, cell cycle progression, cell proliferation
	and apoptosis. Required for early embryonic development and placenta development. Required
	for embryonic angiogenesis, normal cardiomyocyte migration and proliferation, and normal
	heart development. Regulates axon growth and neuronal cell migration, axon branching and
	synapse formation, required for normal development of the nervous system. Plays a role in
	osteogenesis and differentiation of osteoblasts. Functions in integrin signal transduction, but
	also in signaling downstream of numerous growth factor receptors, G-protein coupled
	receptors (GPCR), EPHA2, netrin receptors and LDL receptors. Forms multisubunit signaling
	complexes with SRC and SRC family members upon activation, this leads to the
	phosphorylation of additional tyrosine residues, creating binding sites for scaffold proteins,
	effectors and substrates. Regulates numerous signaling pathways. Promotes activation of
	phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and the AKT1 signaling cascade. Promotes activation of
	MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and the MAP kinase signaling cascade. Promotes localized and
	transient activation of guanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEFs) and GTPase-activating
	proteins (GAPs), and thereby modulates the activity of Rho family GTPases. Signaling via CAS
	family members mediates activation of RAC1. Recruits the ubiquitin ligase MDM2 to P53/TP53
	in the nucleus, and thereby regulates P53/TP53 activity, P53/TP53 ubiquitination and
	proteasomal degradation.
Gene ID:	5747
UniProt:	Q05397
Pathways:	Response to Growth Hormone Stimulus, CXCR4-mediated Signaling Events, Smooth Muscle
	Cell Migration, Signaling of Hepatocyte Growth Factor Receptor, VEGF Signaling
Application Details	
Application Notes:	WB 1:300-5000
	IHC-P 1:200-400

Application Details

	IHC-F 1:100-500
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C for 12 months.
Expiry Date:	12 months