antibodies -online.com





anti-AMACR antibody (AA 297-394)



Images



Go to Product page

| \sim | | | | |
|--------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| | 11/6 | ٦r١ | /10 | ۱۸. |

| Quantity: | 100 μg | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Target: | AMACR | |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 297-394 | |
| Reactivity: | Human | |
| Host: | Mouse | |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal | |
| Conjugate: | This AMACR antibody is un-conjugated | |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Staining Methods (StM) | |
| Product Details | | |
| Immunogen: | Recombinant human AMACR protein fragment (around aa 297-394) (exact sequence is proprietary) | |
| Clone: | AMACR-1864 | |
| Isotype: | IgG1 kappa | |
| Specificity: | This antibody recognizes a protein of 42 kDa, which is identified as AMACR, also known as p504S. It is an enzyme that is involved in bile acid biosynthesis and -oxidation of branched-chain fatty acids. AMACR is essential in lipid metabolism. It is expressed in cells of premalignant high-grade prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (HGPIN) and prostate adenocarcinoma. The majority of the carcinoma cells show a distinct granular cytoplasmic staining reaction. AMACR is present at low or undetectable levels in glandular epithelial cells of | |
| | normal prostate and benign prostatic hyperplasia. A spotty granular cytoplasmic staining is | |

seen in a few cells of the benign glands. AMACR is expressed in normal liver (hepatocytes), kidney (tubular epithelial cells) and gall bladder (epithelial cells). Expression has also been found in lung (bronchial epithelial cells) and colon (colonic surface epithelium). AMACR expression can also be found in hepatocellular carcinoma and kidney carcinoma. Past studies have also shown that AMACR is expressed in various colon carcinomas (well, moderately and poorly differentiated) and over expressed in prostate carcinoma.

Purification:

Purified by Protein A/G

Target Details

| Target: | AMACR | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Alternative Name: | AMACR (AMACR Products) | |
| Molecular Weight: | 42kDa | |
| Gene ID: | 23600 | |
| UniProt: | Q9UHK6 | |
| Pathways: | Monocarboxylic Acid Catabolic Process | |

Application Details

| Ann | lication | Notes: |
|-----|----------|--------|

Positive Control: HEK cells. Prostate Adenocarcinoma.

Known Application: Western Blot (0.5-1.0 μ g/mL),Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2 μ g/mL for 30 minutes at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10 mM citrate buffer, pH 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes)Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

| Concentration: | 200 μg/mL |
|--------------------|--|
| Buffer: | 10 mM PBS with 0.05 % BSA & 0.05 % azide. |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C,-80 °C |

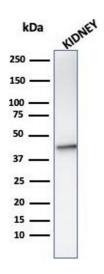
Handling

| Storage Comment: | Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody |
|------------------|---|
| | is stable for 24 months. Non hazardous. No MSDS required |

is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

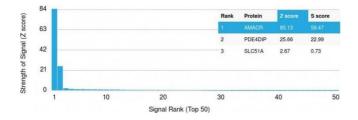
Expiry Date: 24 months

Images



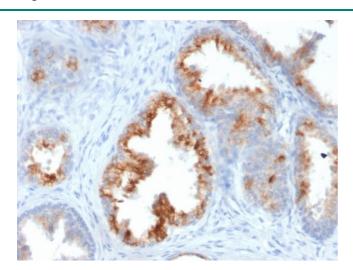
Western Blotting

Image 1. Western Blot analysis of Kldney tissue lysate using AMACR Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (AMACR/1864).



Protein Array

Image 2. Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using AMACR / p504S Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (AMACR/1864). Z- and S-Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProtTM array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProtTM are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target. A MAb is considered to specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Prostate Carcinoma stained with AMACR / p504S Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (AMACR/1864).

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 7 images are available for ABIN6939431.