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anti-MITF antibody

2 Images



Go to Product page

Overview

| Quantity: | 100 μg |
|--------------|--|
| Target: | MITF |
| Reactivity: | Human, Dog |
| Host: | Mouse |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal |
| Conjugate: | This MITF antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Staining Methods (StM) |

Product Details

Immunogen:

| Clone: | MITF-915 |
|--------------|---|
| Isotype: | IgG1 kappa |
| Specificity: | MITF (microphthalmia transcription factor) is a basic helix-loop-helix-leucine-zipper (bHLH-Zip) |
| | transcription factor that regulates the development and survival of melanocytes and retinal |
| | pigment epithelium, and also is involved in transcription of pigmentation enzyme genes such as |
| | tyrosinase TRP1 and TRP2. MITF has been shown to be phosphorylated by MAP kinase in |
| | response to c-kit activation, resulting in upregulation of MITF transcriptional activity. Mutations |
| | of the MITF gene are associated with the autosomal dominant hereditary deafness and |
| | pigmentation condition, Waardenburg Syndrome type 2A. Multiple isoforms of MITF exist, |
| | including MITF-A, MITF-B, MITF-C, MITF-H, and MITF-M, which differ in the amino-terminal |
| | domain and in their expression patterns. The MITF-M isoform is restricted to the melanocyte |
| | cell lineage. This MAb recognizes a nuclear protein, which is expressed in the majority of |

Recombinant full-length human MiTF protein

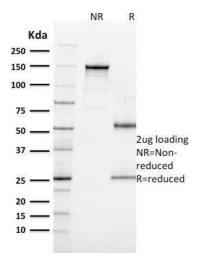
Product Details

| Troduct Details | |
|----------------------|--|
| | primary and metastatic epithelioid malignant melanomas as well as in normal melanocytes, |
| | benign nevi and dysplastic nevi. |
| No Cross-Reactivity: | Mouse (Murine), Rat (Rattus) |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A/G |
| Target Details | |
| Target: | MITF |
| Alternative Name: | MITF (MITF Products) |
| Molecular Weight: | 52-56kDa (doublet) |
| Gene ID: | 4286 |
| UniProt: | 075030 |
| Pathways: | Chromatin Binding |
| Application Details | |
| Application Notes: | Positive Control: Jurkat, A-431, HeLa or 501 Mel human melanoma cells. Melanoma. Known Application: Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2 µg/mL for 30 minutes at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10 mM citrate buffer, pH 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes)Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined. |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
| Handling | |
| Concentration: | 200 μg/mL |
| Buffer: | 10 mM PBS with 0.05 % BSA & 0.05 % azide. |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C,-80 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required. |
| | |

Expiry Date:

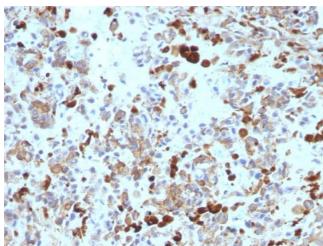
24 months

Images



SDS-PAGE

Image 1. SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified MITF Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (MITF/915). Confirmation of Integrity and Purity of Antibody



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Melanoma stained with MITF Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (MITF/915).