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anti-NFE2L1 antibody





Overview

| Quantity: | 100 μg |
|--------------|---|
| Target: | NFE2L1 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Mouse |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Staining Methods (StM) |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | Recombinant full-length human NRF1 protein |
|---------------|--|
| Clone: | NRF1-2609 |
| Isotype: | IgG1 kappa |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A/G |

Target Details

| Target: | NFE2L1 |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | NFE2L1 (NFE2L1 Products) |
| Background: | The NF-E2 DNA binding protein is composed of two subunits, p45 and MafK, and it regulates |
| | expression of globin genes in developing erythroid cells through interaction with Maf |
| | recognition elements (MAREs). A family of NF-E2 related proteins, which are collectively known |
| | as the Cap 'n' collar (CNC) family and include Nrf1 (also designated TCF11), Nrf2 and Nrf3, are |
| | bZIP transcription factors that heterodimerize with Maf proteins to bind MARE sequences. The |

| Nrf proteins also bind the antioxidant response element (ARE) and are implicated in the |
|---|
| regulation of detoxification enzymes and the oxidative stress response. They do so by |
| heterodimerizing with Jun family members (c-Jun, JunB and JunD) to activate gene expression, |
| specifically the detoxifying enzyme, NQO1. Nrf2 is widely expressed and is thought to |
| translocate to the nucleus after treatment with xenobiotics and antioxidants, which stimulate |
| its release from a repressor protein Keap1. Nrf3 is highly expressed in placenta, B cells and |
| monocytes. |
| |

| Molecular Weight: | 30kDa (bZIP region), 65-120kDa (glycosylated) |
|-------------------|---|
| Gene ID: | 4899 |
| UniProt: | Q16656 |

Application Details

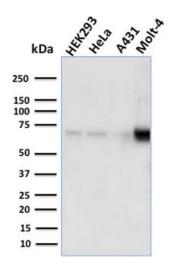
| Application Notes: | Positive Control: Ubiquitous expression, strongest in skeletal muscle. |
|--------------------|---|
| | Known Application: Western Blot (1-2 µg/ml.) Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed |

Known Application: Western Blot (1-2 μ g/mL), Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (0.5-1 μ g/mL for 30 min at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10 mM Citrate Buffer, pH 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes)Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

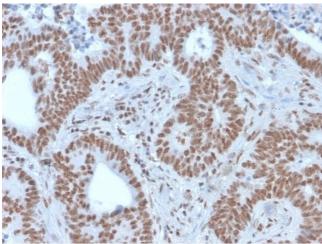
Handling

| Concentration: | 200 μg/mL |
|--------------------|---|
| Buffer: | 10 mM PBS with 0.05 % BSA & 0.05 % azide. |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C,-80 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required. |
| Expiry Date: | 24 months |



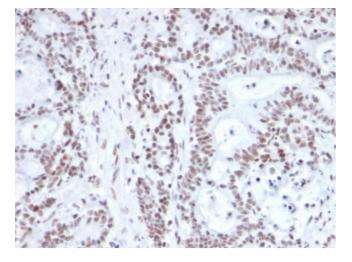
Western Blotting

Image 1. Western Blot Analysis of human HEK293, HeLa, A431, MOLT4 cell lysates using NRF1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (NRF1/2609).



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma stained with NRF1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (NRF1/2609).



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma stained with NRF1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (NRF1/2609).

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 4 images are available for ABIN6940224.