# antibodies - online.com







# anti-CD1a antibody

**Images** 



### Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	CD1a
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This CD1a antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Staining
	Methods (StM)

### **Product Details**

Immunogen:	Human thymus cells
Clone:	SPM120
Isotype:	IgG1 kappa
Purification:	Purified by Protein A/G

## **Target Details**

Target:	CD1a
Alternative Name:	CD1A (CD1a Products)
Background:	At least five CD1 genes (CD1a, b, c, d, and e) are identified. CD1 proteins have been demonstrated to restrict T cell response to non-peptide lipid and glycolipid antigens and play a
	role in non-classical antigen presentation. CD1a is a non-polymorphic MHC Class 1 related cell

surface glycoprotein, expressed in association with Beta-2 microglobulin. Anti-CD1a labels		
Langerhans cell histiocytosis (Histiocytosis X), extranodal histiocytic sarcoma, a subset of T-		
lymphoblastic lymphoma/leukemia, and interdigitating dendritic cell sarcoma of the lymph		
node. When combined with antibodies against TTF-1 and CD5, anti-CD1a is useful in		
distinguishing between pulmonary and thymic neoplasms since CD1a is consistently expressed		
in thymic lymphocytes in both typical and atypical thymomas, but only focally in 1/6 of thymic		
carcinomas and not in lymphocytes in pulmonary neoplasms. Anti-CD1a is reported to be a		
new marker for perivascular epithelial cell tumor (PEComa).		

Molecular Weight:	49kDa
Gene ID:	909
UniProt:	P06126
Pathways:	Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process

# **Application Details**

Application Notes:	Positive Control: Jurkat, MOLT-4 cells. Paracortex in a tonsil or a reactive lymph node.
	Known Application: Flow Outomatry (0.5.1 ug/million calls). Immunoflyaraccanas (1.2)

Known Application: Flow Cytometry (0.5-1  $\mu$ g/million cells), Immunofluorescence (1-2  $\mu$ g/mL), Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (0.5-1  $\mu$ g/mL for 30 min at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10 mM Citrate Buffer, pH 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes)Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

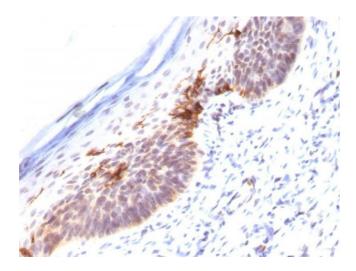
## Handling

Concentration:	200 μg/mL
Buffer:	10 mM PBS with 0.05 % BSA & 0.05 % azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

Expiry Date:

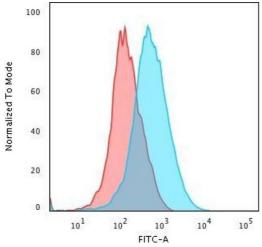
24 months

## **Images**



### **Immunohistochemistry**

**Image 1.** Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Skin stained with CD1a Monoclonal Antibody (SPM120).



## Flow Cytometry

**Image 2.** Flow Cytometric Analysis of Jurkat cells using CD1a Monoclonal Antibody (SPM120) followed by goat anti-Mouse IgG-CF488 (Blue); Isotype control (Red).