

Datasheet for ABIN6942191

anti-ATP6V1G2 antibody (AA 51-118) (Cy7)[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	ATP6V1G2
Binding Specificity:	AA 51-118
Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This ATP6V1G2 antibody is conjugated to Cy7
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ATP6V1G2
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Horse,Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	ATP6V1G2
Alternative Name:	ATP6V1G2 (ATP6V1G2 Products)

Target Details

Background:	Synonyms: ATP6G, ATP6G2, ATPase H⁺ transporting lysosomal (vacuolar proton pump) subunit G, ATPase H⁺ transporting lysosomal 13 kDa V1 subunit G2, H(+) transporting two sector ATPase subunit G2, NG 38, NG38, V ATPase 13 kDa subunit 2, V ATPase G subunit 2, V ATPase subunit G 2, Vacuolar ATP synthase subunit G 2, Vacuolar proton pump G subunit 2, Vacuolar proton pump subunit G 2, VMA 10, VMA10. Background: This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of intracellular compartments of eukaryotic cells. V-ATPase dependent acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is one of three V1 domain G subunit proteins. This gene had previous gene symbols of ATP6G and ATP6G2. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. Read-through transcription also exists between this gene and the downstream DEAD (Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp) box polypeptide 39B (DDX39B) gene. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011]
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Gene ID:	534
UniProt:	O95670
Pathways:	Transition Metal Ion Homeostasis , Proton Transport

Application Details

Application Notes:	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 µg/µL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and

Handling

50 % Glycerol.

Preservative: ProClin

Precaution of Use: This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Expiry Date: 12 months