Datasheet for ABIN6973704
TGFB1 ELISA Kit

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Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	TGFB1
Reactivity:	Chicken
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	0.312 ng/mL - 20 ng/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	0.312 ng/mL
Application:	ELISA

Product Details

Purpose:	For the quantitative determination of chicken transforming growth factor β1 (TGF-β1) concentrations in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates.
Sample Type:	Plasma, Serum, Tissue Homogenate
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of chicken TGF-β1. No significant cross-reactivity or interference between chicken TGF-β1 and analogues was observed. Note: Limited by current skills and knowledge, it is impossible for us to complete the cross-reactivity detection between chicken TGF-β1 and all the analogues, therefore, cross reaction may still exist.
Sensitivity:	0.078 ng/mL

Product Details

Components:	• Assay plate • Standard • HRP-avidin (100 x concentrate) • Biotin-antibody (100 x concentrate) • Sample Diluent • HRP-avidin Diluent • Biotin-antibody Diluent • Wash Buffer (25 x concentrate) • TMB Substrate • Stop Solution • Adhesive Strip

Target Details

Target:	TGFB1
Alternative Name:	transforming growth factor, beta 1 (TGFB1 Products)
Background:	Abbreviation: TGFB1 Alias: CED, DPD1, LAP, TGFB, TGFbeta, TGF-beta 1 protein|latency-associated peptide, transforming growth factor-beta1
UniProt:	P09531
Pathways:	EGFR Signaling Pathway, Dopaminergic Neurogenesis, Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin, Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process, Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Regulation of Muscle Cell Differentiation, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process, Cell-Cell Junction Organization, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response, Ribonucleoside Biosynthetic Process, Skeletal Muscle Fiber Development, Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process, Protein targeting to Nucleus, Autophagy, Cancer Immune Checkpoints

Application Details

Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.
Sample Volume:	100 µL
Assay Time:	1 - 4.5 h
Plate:	Pre-coated
Protocol:	1. Prepare reagents, samples and standards as instructed.

2. Add 100 µL standard or sample to each well. Incubate 2 hours at 37 °C.

3. Remove the liquid of each well, don't wash.

4. Add 100 µL Biotin-antibody (1x) to each well. Incubate 1 hour at 37 °C.

5. Aspirate and wash 3 times.

6. Add 100 µL HRP-avidin (1x) to each well. Incubate 1 hour at 37 °C

7. Aspirate and wash 5 times.

8. Add 90 µL of TMB Substrate to each well. Incubate for 15-30 minutes at 37 °C. Protect from light.

9. Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm within 5 minutes.

Reagent Preparation:

1. Biotin-antibody (1x) - Centrifuge the vial before opening. Biotin-antibody requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10 µL of Biotin-antibody + 990 µL of Biotin-antibody Diluent.

2. HRP-avidin (1x) - Centrifuge the vial before opening. HRP-avidin requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10 µL of HRP-avidin + 990 µL of HRP-avidin Diluent.

3. Wash Buffer (1x) - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm up to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (25 x) into deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer (1 x).

4. Standard Centrifuge the standard vial at 6000-10000rpm for 30s. Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0 mL of Sample Diluent. Do not substitute other diluents. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 20 ng/mL. Mix the standard to ensure complete reconstitution and allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 250 µL of Sample Diluent into each tube (S0-S6). Use the stock solution to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The undiluted Standard serves as the high standard (20 ng/mL). Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/mL).

Note:

- Kindly use graduated containers to prepare the reagent. Please don't prepare the reagent directly in the Diluent vials provided in the kit.
- Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use for 30 min.
- Prepare fresh standard for each assay. Use within 4 hours and discard after use.
- Making serial dilution in the wells directly is not permitted.
- Please carefully reconstitute Standards according to the i nstruction, and avoid foaming and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. To minimize imprecision caused by pipetting, use small volumes and ensure that pipettors are calibrated. It is recommended to suck more than 10 µL for once pipetting.
- Distilled water is recommended to be used to make the preparation for reagents. Contaminated water or container for reagent preparation will influence the detection result.

Sample Preparation:

- It is recommended to use fresh samples without long storage, otherwise protein degradation and denaturationmay occur in these samples, leading to false results. Samples should therefore be stored for a short periodat 2 - 8 °C or aliquoted at -20 °C (≤1 month) or -80 °C (≤ 3 months). Repeated freeze-thawcycles should be avoided. Prior to assay, the frozen

Application Details

- samples should be slowly thawed and centrifuged toremove precipitates.
- If the sample type is not specified in the instructions, a preliminary test is necessary to determinecompatibility with the kit.
- If a lysis buffer is used to prepare tissue homogenates or cell culture supernatant, there is a possibilityof causing a deviation due to the introduced chemical substance.The recommended dilution factor is for reference only.
- Please estimate the concentration of the samples before performing the test. If the values are not in therange of the standard curve, the optimal sample dilution for the particular experiment has to be determined.Samples should then be diluted with PBS (pH =7.0-7.2).

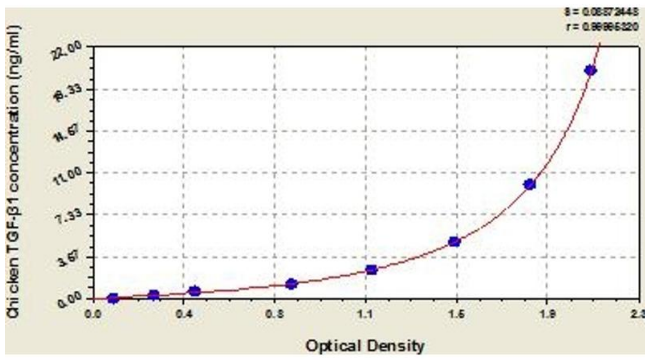|	
Assay Precision:	Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): CV%<8% Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess.
	Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): CV%<10% Three samples of known concentration were tested in twenty assays to assess.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Unopened kit Store at 2 - 8°C. Do not use the kit beyond the expiration date. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Coated assay Try to keep it in a sealed aluminum foil bag, plate and avoid the damp. Standard May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8° C. If Biotin-antibody don't make recent use, better keep it store at HRP-avidin -20°C. Biotin-antibody Diluent Opened kit HRP-avidin Diluent Sample May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Diluent Wash Buffer TMB Substrate Stop Solution *Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.
Expiry Date:	6 months

Publications

Product cited in:	Hedegaard, Sellebjerg, Krakauer, Hesse, Bendtzen, Nielsen: "Interferon-beta increases systemic BAFF levels in multiple sclerosis without increasing autoantibody production." in: **Multiple sclerosis (Houndmills, Basingstoke, England)**, Vol. 17, Issue 5, pp. 567-77, (2011) (PubMed).

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