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## **PCSK9 ELISA Kit**





**Publications** 



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Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	PCSK9
Reactivity:	Human
Method Type:	Competition ELISA
Detection Range:	0.45 ng/mL - 30 ng/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	0.45 ng/mL
Application:	ELISA
Product Details	
Purpose:	For the quantitative determination of human proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9
	(PCSK9) concentrations in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates.
Sample Type:	Plasma, Serum, Tissue Homogenate
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of human PCSK9. No
	significant cross-reactivity or interference between human PCSK9 and analogues was
	observed. Note: Limited by current skills and knowledge, it is impossible for us to complete the
	cross-reactivity detection between human PCSK9 and all the analogues, therefore, cross
	reaction may still exist.
Sensitivity:	0.11 ng/mL

## **Product Details**

## Components:

- Assay plate
- Standard
- HRP-conjugate (100 x concentrate)
- · Sample Diluent
- HRP-conjugate Diluent
- Wash Buffer (25 x concentrate)
- TMB Substrate
- · Stop Solution
- · Adhesive Strip
- · Stop Solution
- Adhesive Strip

## **Target Details**

rarget Details		
Target:	PCSK9	
Alternative Name:	proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9 (PCSK9 Products)	
Background:	Abbreviation: PCSK9  Alias: FH3, HCHOLA3, LDLCQ1, NARC-1, NARC1, convertase subtilisin/kexin type 9  preproprotein neural apoptosis regulated convertase 1	
UniProt:	Q8NBP7	
Application Details		

Application Details		
Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.	
Sample Volume:	50 μL	
Assay Time:	1 - 4.5 h	
Plate:	Pre-coated	
Protocol:	1. Prepare reagents, samples and standards as instructed.	
	2. Set a Blank well without any solution.	
	3. Add 50 µL standard or sample to each well.	
	4. Add 50 µL HRP-conjugate (1x) to each well (Not to Blank well).	
	5. Incubate 1 hour at 37 °C	
	6. Aspirate and wash 5 times.	
	7. Add 90 $\mu L$ of TMB Substrate to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at 37 °C. Protect from light.	
	8. Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm within 5 minutes.	

#### Reagent Preparation:

- 1. HRP-conjugate (1x) Centrifuge the vial before opening. HRP-conjugate requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10  $\mu$ L of HRP-conjugate + 990  $\mu$ L of HRP-conjugate Diluent.
- 2. Wash Buffer(1x)- If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm up to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (25 x) into deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer (1 x).
- 3. Standard Centrifuge the standard vial at 6000-10000rpm for 30s. Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0 mL of Sample Diluent. Do not substitute other diluents. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 30 ng/mL. Mix the standard to ensure complete reconstitution and allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 150 µL of Sample Diluent into each tube (S0-S6). Use the stock solution to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The undiluted Standard serves as the high standard (30 ng/mL). Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/mL).

#### Note:

- Kindly use graduated containers to prepare the reagent. Please don't prepare the reagent directly in the Diluent vials provided in the kit.
- Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use for 30 min.
- Prepare fresh standard for each assay. Use within 4 hours and discard after use.
- · Making serial dilution in the wells directly is not permitted.
- Please carefully reconstitute Standards according to the instruction, and avoid foaming and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. To minimize imprecision caused by pipetting, use small volumes and ensure that pipettors are calibrated. It is recommended to suck more than 10 µL for once pipetting.
- Distilled water is recommended to be used to make the preparation for reagents.

  Contaminated water or container for reagent preparation will influence the detection result.

### Sample Preparation:

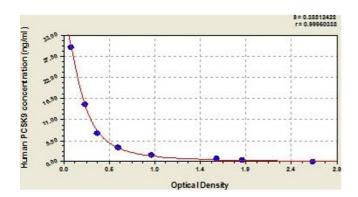
- It is recommended to use fresh samples without long storage, otherwise protein degradation and denaturationmay occur in these samples, leading to false results. Samples should therefore be stored for a short periodat 2 8 °C or aliquoted at -20 °C (≤1 month) or -80 °C (≤ 3 months). Repeated freeze-thawcycles should be avoided. Prior to assay, the frozen samples should be slowly thawed and centrifuged toremove precipitates.
- If the sample type is not specified in the instructions, a preliminary test is necessary to determine compatibility with the kit.
- If a lysis buffer is used to prepare tissue homogenates or cell culture supernatant, there is a possibility of causing a deviation due to the introduced chemical substance. The recommended dilution factor is for reference only.
- Please estimate the concentration of the samples before performing the test. If the values are not in therange of the standard curve, the optimal sample dilution for the particular experiment has to be determined. Samples should then be diluted with PBS (pH =7.0-7.2).

#### Note:

Recommend to dilute the serum or plasma samples with Sample Diluent(1:200) before test.

# **Application Details**

1-1			
	The suggested 200-fold dilution can be achieved by adding 5 $\mu$ L sample to 45 $\mu$ L of Sample		
	Diluent. Complete the 200-fold dilution by adding15 $\mu L$ of this solution to 285 $\mu L$ of Sample		
	Diluent. The recommended dilution factor is for reference only. The optimal dilution factor		
	should be determined by users according to their particular experiments. 6		
Assay Precision:	Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): CV%<8% Three samples of known		
	concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess.		
	Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): CV%<10% Three samples of known		
	concentration were tested in twenty assays to assess.		
Restrictions:	For Research Use only		
Handling			
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C		
Storage Comment:	Unopened kit Store at 2 - 8°C. Do not use the kit beyond the expiration date. May be stored for		
	up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Coated assay Try to keep it in a sealed aluminum foil bag, plate and		
	avoid the damp. Standard May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8° C. If don't make recent use		
	better keep it store at HRP-conjugate -20°C. Opened kit HRP-conjugate Diluent Sample Diluent		
	May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Wash Buffer TMB Substrate Stop Solution *Provide		
	this is within the expiration date of the kit.		
Expiry Date:	6 months		
Publications			
Product cited in:	Liu, Asanoma, Takao, Tsukimori, Uchi, Furue, Kato, Wake: "Aryl hydrocarbon receptor SNP -130		
	C/T associates with dioxins susceptibility through regulating its receptor activity and		
	downstream effectors including interleukin 24." in: <b>Toxicology letters</b> , Vol. 232, Issue 2, pp. 384		
	92, (2015) (PubMed).		



## **ELISA**

Image 1. Typical Standard Curve