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PSMA ELISA Kit





Publication



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Quantity:	96 tests	
Target:	PSMA (FOLH1)	
Reactivity:	Human	
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA	
Detection Range:	4.7 ng/mL - 300 ng/mL	
Minimum Detection Limit:	4.7 ng/mL	
Application:	ELISA	
Product Details		
Purpose:	For the quantitative determination of human glutamate carboxypeptidase 2 (FOLH1)	
	concentrations in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates.	
Sample Type:	Plasma, Serum, Tissue Homogenate	
Analytical Method:	Quantitative	
Detection Method:	Colorimetric	
Specificity:	This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of human FOLH1. No	
	significant cross-reactivity or interference between human FOLH1 and analogues was	
	observed. Note: Limited by current skills and knowledge, it is impossible for us to complete the	
	cross-reactivity detection between human FOLH1 and all the analogues, therefore, cross	
	reaction may still exist.	
Sensitivity:	1.2 ng/mL	

Product Details

Components:

- Assay plate
- Standard
- HRP-avidin (100 x concentrate)
- Biotin-antibody (100 x concentrate)
- · Sample Diluent
- · HRP-avidin Diluent
- · Biotin-antibody Diluent
- Wash Buffer (25 x concentrate)
- · TMB Substrate
- · Stop Solution
- · Adhesive Strip

Target Details

Target:	PSMA (FOLH1)
Alternative Name:	folate hydrolase (prostate-specific membrane antigen) 1 (FOLH1 Products)
Background:	Abbreviation: FOLH1
	Alias: FGCP, FOLH, GCP2, GCPII, NAALAD1, NAALAdase, PSM, PSMA, mGCP, N-acetylated
	alpha-linked acidic dipeptidase 1 cell growth-inhibiting protein 27 folate hydrolase 1 folylpoly-
	gamma-glutamate carboxypep
UniProt:	Q04609

Application Details

Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.		
Sample Volume:	100 μL		
Assay Time:	1 - 4.5 h		
Plate:	Pre-coated		
Protocol:	1. Prepare reagents, samples and standards as instructed.		
	2. Add 100 μL standard or sample to each well. Incubate 2 hours at 37 °C.		
	3. Remove the liquid of each well, don't wash.		
	4. Add 100 μL Biotin-antibody (1x) to each well. Incubate 1 hour at 37 °C.		
	5. Aspirate and wash 3 times.		
	6. Add 100 µL HRP-avidin (1x) to each well. Incubate 1 hour at 37 °C		
	7. Aspirate and wash 5 times.		
	8. Add 90 µL of TMB Substrate to each well. Incubate for 15-30 minutes at 37 °C. Protect from		
	light.		

9. Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm within 5 minutes.

Reagent Preparation:

- 1. Biotin-antibody (1x) Centrifuge the vial before opening. Biotin-antibody requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10 μ L of Biotin-antibody + 990 μ L of Biotin-antibody Diluent.
- 2. HRP-avidin (1x) Centrifuge the vial before opening. HRP-avidin requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10 μ L of HRP-avidin + 990 μ L of HRP-avidin Diluent.
- 3. Wash Buffer (1x) If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm up to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (25 x) into deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer (1 x).
- 4. Standard Centrifuge the standard vial at 6000-10000rpm for 30s. Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0 mL of Sample Diluent. Do not substitute other diluents. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 300 ng/mL. Mix the standard to ensure complete reconstitution and allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 250 µL of Sample Diluent into each tube (S0-S6). Use the stock solution to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The undiluted Standard serves as the high standard (300 ng/mL). Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/mL).

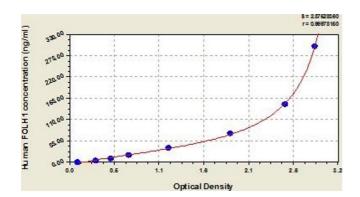
Note:

- Kindly use graduated containers to prepare the reagent. Please don't prepare the reagent directly in the Diluent vials provided in the kit.
- Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use for 30 min.
- Prepare fresh standard for each assay. Use within 4 hours and discard after use.
- · Making serial dilution in the wells directly is not permitted.
- Please carefully reconstitute Standards according to the instruction, and avoid foaming and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. To minimize imprecision caused by pipetting, use small volumes and ensure that pipettors are calibrated. It is recommended to suck more than 10 µL for once pipetting.
- Distilled water is recommended to be used to make the preparation for reagents.
 Contaminated water or container for reagent preparation will influence the detection result.

Sample Preparation:

- It is recommended to use fresh samples without long storage, otherwise protein degradation and denaturationmay occur in these samples, leading to false results. Samples should therefore be stored for a short periodat 2 8 °C or aliquoted at -20 °C (≤1 month) or -80 °C (≤ 3 months). Repeated freeze-thawcycles should be avoided. Prior to assay, the frozen samples should be slowly thawed and centrifuged toremove precipitates.
- If the sample type is not specified in the instructions, a preliminary test is necessary to determine compatibility with the kit.
- If a lysis buffer is used to prepare tissue homogenates or cell culture supernatant, there is a
 possibility of causing a deviation due to the introduced chemical substance. The
 recommended dilution factor is for reference only.
- Please estimate the concentration of the samples before performing the test. If the values are not in therange of the standard curve, the optimal sample dilution for the particular

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	experiment has to be determined. Samples should then be diluted with PBS (pH = $7.0-7.2$).
	Note:
	Recommend to dilute the serum or plasma samples with Sample Diluent (1:10) before test. The
	suggested 10-fold dilution can be achieved by adding 25 μL sample to 225 μL of Sample
	Diluent. The recommended dilution factor is for reference only. The optimal dilution factor
	should be determined by users according to their particular experiments.
Assay Precision:	Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): CV%<8% Three samples of known
	concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess.
	Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): CV%<10% Three samples of known
	concentration were tested in twenty assays to assess.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Unopened kit Store at 2 - 8°C. Do not use the kit beyond the expiration date. May be stored for
	up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Coated assay Try to keep it in a sealed aluminum foil bag, plate and
	avoid the damp. Standard May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8° C. If Biotin-antibody don't
	make recent use, better keep it store at HRP-avidin -20°C. Biotin-antibody Diluent Opened kit
	HRP-avidin Diluent Sample May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Diluent Wash Buffer
	TMB Substrate Stop Solution *Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.
Expiry Date:	6 months
Publications	
Product cited in:	Tang, Chen, Chiang, Chen, Chang, Chen: "Differentiation Effects of Platelet-Rich Plasma
	Concentrations on Synovial Fluid Mesenchymal Stem Cells from Pigs Cultivated in Alginate
	Complex Hydrogal "in: International journal of malegular asigness. Vol. 16 Jacua 9 pp. 19507
	Complex Hydrogel." in: International journal of molecular sciences, Vol. 16, Issue 8, pp. 18507



ELISA

Image 1. Typical Standard Curve