

Datasheet for ABIN6975909

**Leptin ELISA Kit**[Go to Product page](#)**1** Image**3** Publications

## Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	Leptin (LEP)
Reactivity:	Salmon
Method Type:	Competition ELISA
Detection Range:	62.5 pg/mL - 1000 pg/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	62.5 pg/mL
Application:	ELISA

## Product Details

Purpose:	For the quantitative determination of fish leptin (LEP) concentrations in serum, plasma.
Sample Type:	Plasma, Serum
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of fish LEP. No significant cross-reactivity or interference between fish LEP and analogues was observed. Note: Limited by current skills and knowledge, it is impossible for us to complete the cross-reactivity detection between fish LEP and all the analogues, therefore, cross reaction may still exist.
Sensitivity:	31.25 pg/mL
Components:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Assay plate</li><li>• Standard</li><li>• HRP-conjugate (100 x concentrate)</li></ul>

## Product Details

- Sample Diluent
  - HRP-conjugate Diluent
  - Wash Buffer (25 x concentrate)
  - TMB Substrate
  - Stop Solution
  - Adhesive Strip
- 
- Stop Solution
  - Adhesive Strip

## Target Details

Target:	Leptin (LEP)
Abstract:	<a href="#">LEP Products</a>
Background:	LEP
UniProt:	<a href="#">D6BP01</a>
Pathways:	<a href="#">JAK-STAT Signaling</a> , <a href="#">AMPK Signaling</a> , <a href="#">Hormone Transport</a> , <a href="#">Peptide Hormone Metabolism</a> , <a href="#">Hormone Activity</a> , <a href="#">Negative Regulation of Hormone Secretion</a> , <a href="#">Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process</a> , <a href="#">Feeding Behaviour</a> , <a href="#">Monocarboxylic Acid Catabolic Process</a>

## Application Details

Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.
Sample Volume:	50 µL
Assay Time:	1 - 4.5 h
Plate:	Pre-coated
Protocol:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Prepare reagents, samples and standards as instructed.</li><li>2. Set a Blank well without any solution.</li><li>3. Add 50 µL standard or sample to each well.</li><li>4. Add 50 µL HRP-conjugate (1x) to each well (Not to Blank well).</li><li>5. Incubate 1 hour at 37 °C</li><li>6. Aspirate and wash 5 times.</li><li>7. Add 90 µL of TMB Substrate to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at 37 °C. Protect from light.</li><li>8. Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm within 5 minutes.</li></ol>
Reagent Preparation:	1. HRP-conjugate (1x) - Centrifuge the vial before opening. HRP-conjugate requires a 100-fold

dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10 µL of HRP-conjugate + 990 µL of HRP-conjugate Diluent.

2. Wash Buffer(1x)- If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm up to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (25 x) into deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer (1 x).
3. Standard Centrifuge the standard vial at 6000-10000rpm for 30s before opening. Dilute the Standard(10x) with Sample Diluent. A suggested 10-fold dilution is 30 µL of Standard(10x) + 270 µL of Sample Diluent. This diluted Standard (S5) serves as the high standard (1000 pg/mL). Do not substitute other diluents. Mix the standard to ensure complete dilution and allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 150 µL of Sample Diluent into each tube (S0-S4). Use the diluted Standard (S5) solution to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

Note:

- Kindly use graduated containers to prepare the reagent. Please don't prepare the reagent directly in the Diluent vials provided in the kit.
- Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use for 30 min.
- Prepare fresh standard for each assay. Use within 4 hours and discard after use.
- Making serial dilution in the wells directly is not permitted.
- Distilled water is recommended to be used to make the preparation for reagents. Contaminated water or container for reagent preparation will influence the detection result.

---

Sample Preparation:

- It is recommended to use fresh samples without long storage, otherwise protein degradation and denaturation may occur in these samples, leading to false results. Samples should therefore be stored for a short period at 2 - 8 °C or aliquoted at -20 °C (≤1 month) or -80 °C (≤ 3 months). Repeated freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided. Prior to assay, the frozen samples should be slowly thawed and centrifuged to remove precipitates.
- If the sample type is not specified in the instructions, a preliminary test is necessary to determine compatibility with the kit.
- If a lysis buffer is used to prepare tissue homogenates or cell culture supernatant, there is a possibility of causing a deviation due to the introduced chemical substance. The recommended dilution factor is for reference only.
- Please estimate the concentration of the samples before performing the test. If the values are not in the range of the standard curve, the optimal sample dilution for the particular experiment has to be determined. Samples should then be diluted with PBS (pH = 7.0-7.2).

Note:

Recommend to dilute the serum or plasma samples with Sample Diluent(1:100) before test. The suggested 100-fold dilution can be achieved by adding 10 µL sample to 40 µL of Sample Diluent. Complete the 100-fold dilution by adding 15 µL of this solution to 285 µL of Sample Diluent. The recommended dilution factor is for reference only. The optimal dilution factor should be determined by users according to their particular experiments. 6

## Application Details

Assay Precision:	Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): CV%<8% Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess. Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): CV%<10% Three samples of known concentration were tested in twenty assays to assess.
------------------	---

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
---------------	-----------------------

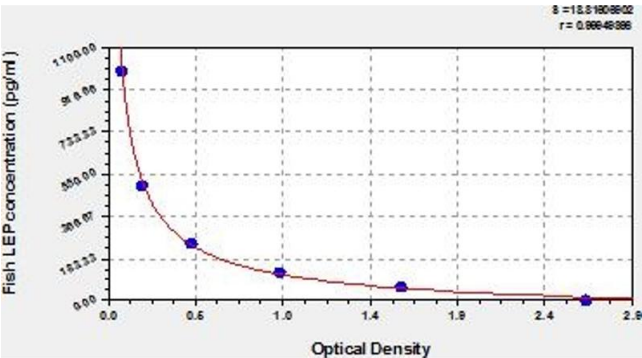
## Handling

Storage:	4 °C, -20 °C
Storage Comment:	Unopened kit Store at 2 - 8°C. Do not use the kit beyond the expiration date. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Coated assay Try to keep it in a sealed aluminum foil bag, plate and avoid the damp. Standard May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8° C. If don't make recent use, better keep it store at HRP-conjugate -20°C. Opened kit HRP-conjugate Diluent Sample Diluent May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Wash Buffer TMB Substrate Stop Solution *Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.
Expiry Date:	6 months

## Publications

Product cited in:	Brige, Hery, Palen, Guilbaud, Buffat, Moyon, Hardwigsen, Guedj, Guillet, Vidal, Gorincour, Chopinet, Gregoire: "Portal vein stenosis preconditioning of living donor liver in swine: early mechanisms of liver regeneration and gain of hepatic functional mass." in: <b>American journal of physiology. Gastrointestinal and liver physiology</b> , Vol. 315, Issue 1, pp. G117-G125, (2019) ( <a href="#">PubMed</a> ).
	Bobi, Solanes, Fernández-Jiménez, Galán-Arriola, Dantas, Fernández-Friera, Gálvez-Montón, Rigol-Monzó, Agüero, Ramírez, Roqué, Bayés-Genís, Sánchez-González, García-Álvarez, Sabaté, Roura, Ibáñez et al.: "Intracoronary Administration of Allogeneic Adipose Tissue-Derived Mesenchymal Stem Cells Improves Myocardial Perfusion But Not Left Ventricle Function, in a Translational Model of Acute Myocardial ..." in: <b>Journal of the American Heart Association</b> , Vol. 6, Issue 5, (2017) ( <a href="#">PubMed</a> ).
	Zhou, Li, Zhang, Lu, Chen, Du, Wang, Pan, Zhu, Yang, Chen, Cao, Li: "Efficacy of coupled low-volume plasma exchange with plasma filtration adsorption in treating pigs with acute liver failure: A randomised study." in: <b>Journal of hepatology</b> , Vol. 63, Issue 2, pp. 378-87, (2015) ( <a href="#">PubMed</a> ).

Shahid, Iwamuro, Sasamoto, Kubota, Seita, Kawamoto, Nakaji, Noguchi, Yamamoto, Kobayashi:  
"Establishment of an immortalized porcine liver cell line JSNK-1 with retroviral transduction of  
SV40T." in: **Cell transplantation**, Vol. 19, Issue 6, pp. 849-56, (2010) ([PubMed](#)).



ELISA

Image 1. Typical Standard Curve