

Datasheet for ABIN6976040

**ADMA ELISA Kit****1** Image**8** Publications[Go to Product page](#)

## Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	ADMA
Reactivity:	Human
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	7.8 ng/mL - 500 ng/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	7.8 ng/mL
Application:	ELISA

## Product Details

Purpose:	For the quantitative determination of endogenic human asymmetrical dimethylarginine (ADMA) concentrations in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates, cell lysates.
Sample Type:	Cell Lysate, Plasma, Serum, Tissue Homogenate
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of human ADMA. No significant cross-reactivity or interference between human ADMA and analogues was observed. Note: Limited by current skills and knowledge, it is impossible for us to complete the cross-reactivity detection between human ADMA and all the analogues, therefore, cross reaction may still exist.
Sensitivity:	1.95 ng/mL

## Product Details

Components:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Assay plate</li><li>• Standard</li><li>• HRP-avidin (100 x concentrate)</li><li>• Biotin-antibody (100 x concentrate)</li><li>• Sample Diluent</li><li>• HRP-avidin Diluent</li><li>• Biotin-antibody Diluent</li><li>• Wash Buffer (25 x concentrate)</li><li>• TMB Substrate</li><li>• Stop Solution</li><li>• Adhesive Strip</li></ul>
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## Target Details

Target:	ADMA
Alternative Name:	asymmetrical dimethylarginine,ADMA ( <a href="#">ADMA Products</a> )
Target Type:	Amino Acid
Background:	ADMA

## Application Details

Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.
Sample Volume:	100 µL
Assay Time:	1 - 4.5 h
Plate:	Pre-coated
Protocol:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Prepare reagents, samples and standards as instructed.</li><li>2. Add 100 µL standard or sample to each well. Incubate 2 hours at 37 °C.</li><li>3. Remove the liquid of each well, don't wash.</li><li>4. Add 100 µL Biotin-antibody (1x) to each well. Incubate 1 hour at 37 °C.</li><li>5. Aspirate and wash 3 times.</li><li>6. Add 100 µL HRP-avidin (1x) to each well. Incubate 1 hour at 37 °C</li><li>7. Aspirate and wash 5 times.</li><li>8. Add 90 µL of TMB Substrate to each well. Incubate for 15-30 minutes at 37 °C. Protect from light.</li><li>9. Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm within 5 minutes.</li></ol>
Reagent Preparation:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Biotin-antibody (1x) - Centrifuge the vial before opening. Biotin-antibody requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10 µL of Biotin-antibody + 990 µL of Biotin-antibody</li></ol>

Diluent.

2. HRP-avidin (1x) - Centrifuge the vial before opening. HRP-avidin requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10 µL of HRP-avidin + 990 µL of HRP-avidin Diluent.
3. Wash Buffer (1x) - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm up to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (25 x) into deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer (1 x).
4. Standard Centrifuge the standard vial at 6000-10000rpm for 30s. Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0 mL of Sample Diluent. Do not substitute other diluents. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 500 ng/mL. Mix the standard to ensure complete reconstitution and allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 250 µL of Sample Diluent into each tube (S0-S6). Use the stock solution to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The undiluted Standard serves as the high standard (500 ng/mL). Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/mL).

Note:

- Kindly use graduated containers to prepare the reagent. Please don't prepare the reagent directly in the Diluent vials provided in the kit.
- Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use for 30 min.
- Prepare fresh standard for each assay. Use within 4 hours and discard after use.
- Making serial dilution in the wells directly is not permitted.
- Please carefully reconstitute Standards according to the instruction, and avoid foaming and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. To minimize imprecision caused by pipetting, use small volumes and ensure that pipettors are calibrated. It is recommended to suck more than 10 µL for once pipetting.
- Distilled water is recommended to be used to make the preparation for reagents. Contaminated water or container for reagent preparation will influence the detection result.

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Sample Preparation:

- It is recommended to use fresh samples without long storage, otherwise protein degradation and denaturation may occur in these samples, leading to false results. Samples should therefore be stored for a short period at 2 - 8 °C or aliquoted at -20 °C (≤1 month) or -80 °C (≤ 3 months). Repeated freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided. Prior to assay, the frozen samples should be slowly thawed and centrifuged to remove precipitates.
- If the sample type is not specified in the instructions, a preliminary test is necessary to determine compatibility with the kit.
- If a lysis buffer is used to prepare tissue homogenates or cell culture supernatant, there is a possibility of causing a deviation due to the introduced chemical substance. The recommended dilution factor is for reference only.
- Please estimate the concentration of the samples before performing the test. If the values are not in the range of the standard curve, the optimal sample dilution for the particular experiment has to be determined. Samples should then be diluted with PBS (pH = 7.0-7.2).

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Assay Precision:

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): CV% < 8% Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess.

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## Application Details

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): CV%<10% Three samples of known concentration were tested in twenty assays to assess.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

Storage: 4 °C,-20 °C

Storage Comment: Unopened kit Store at 2 - 8°C. Do not use the kit beyond the expiration date May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Coated assay Try to keep it in a sealed aluminum foil bag, plate and avoid the damp. Standard May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8° C. If Biotin-antibody don't make recent use, better keep it store at HRP-avidin -20°C. Biotin-antibody Diluent Opened kit HRP-avidin Diluent Sample May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Diluent Wash Buffer TMB Substrate Stop Solution \*Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

Expiry Date: 6 months

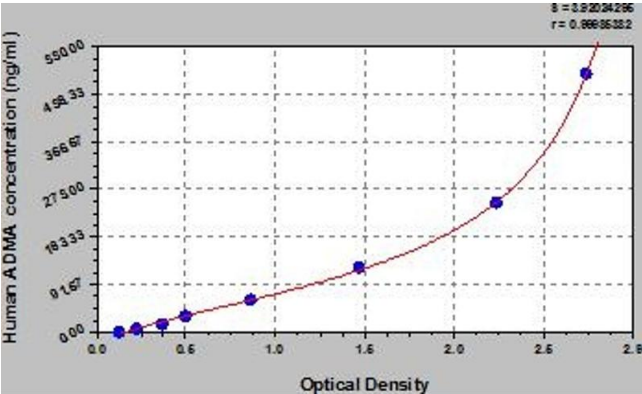
## Publications

Product cited in: Rodríguez-González, Ramos-Nuez, Martín-Barrasa, López-Aguilar, Baluja, Álvarez, Rocco, Pelosi, Villar: "Endotoxin-induced lung alveolar cell injury causes brain cell damage." in: **Experimental biology and medicine (Maywood, N.J.)**, Vol. 240, Issue 1, pp. 135-42, (2015) ([PubMed](#)).

Tskitishvili, Nisolle, Munaut, Pequeux, Gerard, Noel, Foidart: "Estetrol attenuates neonatal hypoxic-ischemic brain injury." in: **Experimental neurology**, Vol. 261, pp. 298-307, (2014) ([PubMed](#)).

van den Boogaard, Kox, Quinn, van Achterberg, van der Hoeven, Schoonhoven, Pickkers et al.: "Biomarkers associated with delirium in critically ill patients and their relation with long-term subjective cognitive dysfunction; indications for different pathways governing delirium in inflamed ..." in: **Critical care**, Vol. 15, Issue 6, pp. R297, (2012) ([PubMed](#)).

There are more publications referencing this product on: [Product page](#)



ELISA

**Image 1.** Typical Standard Curve