

Datasheet for ABIN6980411

anti-ABL2 antibody (AA 581-680) (AbBy Fluor® 647)



Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	ABL2
Binding Specificity:	AA 581-680
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This ABL2 antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 647
Application:	Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ABL2
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Dog
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.
Target Details	
Target:	ABL2
Alternative Name:	

Target Details

Background:

Synonyms: Abelson murine leukemia viral oncogene homolog 2, Abelson related gene protein, Tyrosine kinase ARG, ABLL,ARG,Tyrosine protein kinase ABL2, v abl Abelson murine leukemia viral oncogene homolog 2, ABL2_HUMAN, Abelson tyrosine-protein kinase 2, Tyrosine-protein kinase ARG.

Background: Non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase that plays an ABL1-overlapping role in key processes linked to cell growth and survival such as cytoskeleton remodeling in response to extracellular stimuli, cell motility and adhesion and receptor endocytosis. Coordinates actin remodeling through tyrosine phosphorylation of proteins controlling cytoskeleton dynamics like MYH10 (involved in movement), CTTN (involved in signaling), or TUBA1 and TUBB (microtubule subunits). Binds directly F-actin and regulates actin cytoskeletal structure through its F-actinbundling activity. Involved in the regulation of cell adhesion and motility through phosphorylation of key regulators of these processes such as CRK, CRKL, DOK1 or ARHGAP35. Adhesion-dependent phosphorylation of ARHGAP35 promotes its association with RASA1, resulting in recruitment of ARHGAP35 to the cell periphery where it inhibits RHO. Phosphorylates multiple receptor tyrosine kinases like PDGFRB and other substrates which are involved in endocytosis regulation such as RIN1. In brain, may regulate neurotransmission by phosphorylating proteins at the synapse. ABL2 acts also as a regulator of multiple pathological signaling cascades during infection. Pathogens can highjack ABL2 kinase signaling to reorganize the host actin cytoskeleton for multiple purposes, like facilitating intracellular movement and host cell exit. Finally, functions as its own regulator through autocatalytic activity as well as through phosphorylation of its inhibitor, ABI1.

Gene ID: 27

UniProt: P42684

Application Details

Application Notes: IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 1 µg/µL

Handling

Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months