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Datasheet for ABIN6989271
anti-TUBA1B antibody (AA 401-451)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	TUBA1B
Binding Specificity:	AA 401-451
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This TUBA1B antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human TUBA1A + TUBA1B
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	TUBA1B
Alternative Name:	TUBA1A + TUBA1B (TUBA1B Products)

Target Details

Background:	<p>Synonyms: TUBA1A + TUBA1B, Tubulin, Alpha 1b, Tubulin Alpha-Ubiquitous Chain, Alpha-Tubulin Ubiquitous, Tubulin K-Alpha-1, Tubulin, Alpha, Ubiquitous, Tubulin Alpha-1B Chain, Alpha Tubulin, Ubiquitous, K-ALPHA-1, Tubulin Alpha, TBA1B_HUMAN, Tubulin, Alpha 1a, TUBA3, Tubulin Alpha-3 Chain, Tubulin B-Alpha-1, LIS3, Tubulin, Alpha, Brain-Specific, Tubulin Alpha-1A Chain, Alpha-Tubulin 3, Brain-Specific, Hum-A-Tub1, Hum-A-Tub2, B-ALPHA-1, TBA1A_HUMAN, _____alpha</p> <p>Background: Microtubules of the eukaryotic cytoskeleton perform essential and diverse functions and are composed of a heterodimer of alpha and beta tubulins. The genes encoding these microtubule constituents belong to the tubulin superfamily, which is composed of six distinct families. Genes from the alpha, beta and gamma tubulin families are found in all eukaryotes. The alpha and beta tubulins represent the major components of microtubules, while gamma tubulin plays a critical role in the nucleation of microtubule assembly. There are multiple alpha and beta tubulin genes, which are highly conserved among species. This gene encodes alpha tubulin and is highly similar to the mouse and rat Tuba1 genes. Northern blotting studies have shown that the gene expression is predominantly found in morphologically differentiated neurologic cells. This gene is one of three alpha-tubulin genes in a cluster on chromosome 12q. Mutations in this gene cause lissencephaly type 3 (LIS3) - a neurological condition characterized by microcephaly, mental retardation, and early-onset epilepsy and caused by defective neuronal migration. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012]</p>
Gene ID:	7846
UniProt:	Q71U36
Pathways:	Microtubule Dynamics , M Phase

Application Details

Application Notes:	WB 1:300-5000 ELISA 1:500-1000 IHC-P 1:200-400 IHC-F 1:100-500 IF(ICC) 1:50-200 IF()
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 µg/µL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months