antibodies - online.com







anti-RIP2 antibody (AA 401-540)



Image



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Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	RIP2	
Binding Specificity:	AA 401-540	
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This RIP2 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))	

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human RIP2
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Predicted Reactivity:	Rat,Dog,Cow,Pig,Rabbit,Guinea Pig
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.
Target Details	

Larget Details

Target: RIP2

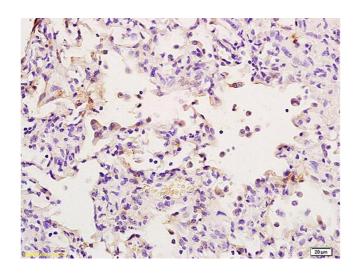
Target Details

Alternative Name:	RIP2 (RIP2 Products)	
Background:	Synonyms: CCK, RICK, RIP2, CARD3, GIG30, CARDIAK, Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-	
	protein kinase 2, CARD-containing interleukin-1 beta-converting enzyme-associated kinase,	
	CARD-containing IL-1 beta ICE-kinase, RIP-like-interacting CLARP kinase, Receptor-interacting	
	protein 2, RIP-2, Tyrosine-protein kinase RIPK2, RIPK2, UNQ277/PRO314/PRO34092	
	Background: Serine/threonine/tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role in modulation of	
	innate and adaptive immune responses. Upon stimulation by bacterial peptidoglycans, NOD1	
	and NOD2 are activated, oligomerize and recruit RIPK2 through CARD-CARD domains.	
	Contributes to the tyrosine phosphorylation of the guanine exchange factor ARHGEF2 through	
	Src tyrosine kinase leading to NF-kappaB activation by NOD2. Once recruited, RIPK2	
	autophosphorylates and undergoes 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination by E3 ubiquitin ligases	
	XIAP, BIRC2 and BIRC3. The polyubiquitinated protein mediates the recruitment of	
	MAP3K7/TAK1 to IKBKG/NEMO and induces 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitination of IKBKG/NEMO	
	and subsequent activation of IKBKB/IKKB. In turn, NF-kappa-B is released from NF-kappa-B	
	inhibitors and translocates into the nucleus where it activates the transcription of hundreds of	
	genes involved in immune response, growth control, or protection against apoptosis. Plays als	
	a role during engagement of the T-cell receptor (TCR) in promoting BCL10 phosphorylation an	
	subsequent NF-kappa-B activation.	
Gene ID:	8767	
UniProt:	043353	
Pathways:	TCR Signaling, Activation of Innate immune Response, Cellular Response to Molecule of	
	Bacterial Origin, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process, Toll-Like Receptors Cascade	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	WB 1:300-5000	
Аррисацоп Notes.	ELISA 1:500-1000	
	IHC-P 1:200-400	
	IHC-F 1:100-500	
	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200	
	IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200	
	IF(ICC) 1:50-200	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded rat lung labeled with Anti-RIP2 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (ABIN700600) at 1:200 followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining