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Images



Overview

| Quantity: | 0.1 mg |
|--------------|---|
| Target: | IgE |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Mouse |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal |
| Conjugate: | This IgE antibody is conjugated to Biotin |
| Application: | ELISA, Flow Cytometry (FACS) |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | Purified human IgE. |
|---------------|---|
| Clone: | BE5 |
| Isotype: | lgG1 |
| Specificity: | The antibody BE5 reacts with human IgE, it recognizes an epitope different from the ones recognized by 4G7 and 4H10 antibodies to IgE. |
| Purification: | Purified antibody is conjugated with biotin LC-NHS ester under optimum conditions and unconjugated antibody and free biotin are removed by size-exclusion chromatography. |

Target Details

| Target: | IgE |
|-----------|--------------|
| Abstract: | IgE Products |

Target Details

Background:

Immunoglobulin E (IgE) is a 180 kDa soluble protein serving as an antigen-specific unit of mast cell effector mechanisms. IgE has the lowest serum concentration of all immunoglobulins (approximately 0.5 mg/l) in healthy individuals, but upon allergen challenge its concentration in blood increases dramatically. Although biological survival of free IgE is very short (T1/2 = 2 days), it is stabilized after binding to its high affinity receptor. Unlike IgM- IgG- and IgA-committed B cells, IgE-switched B cells do not undergo clonal expansion.,Immunoglobulin E

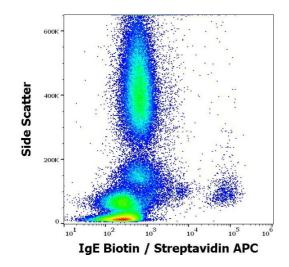
Application Details

| Application Notes: | Flow cytometry: Recommended dilution: 1-12 µg/mL |
|--------------------|--|
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |

Handling

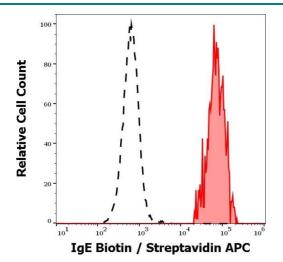
| Concentration: | 1 mg/mL |
|--------------------|--|
| Buffer: | Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4, 15 mM sodium azide |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. |

Images



Flow Cytometry

Image 1. Flow cytometry surface staining pattern of human peripheral whole blood stained using anti-human IgE (BE5) Biotin antibody (concentration in sample $4\,\mu\text{g/mL}$) Streptavidin APC.



Flow Cytometry

Image 2. Separation of human IgE positive basophil granulocytes (red-filled) from neutrophil granulocytes (black-dashed) in flow cytometry analysis (surface staining) of human peripheral whole blood stained using anti-human IgE (BE5) Biotin antibody (concentration in sample 4 μ g/mL) Streptavidin APC.