

Datasheet for ABIN702640
anti-EGLN1 antibody (AA 42-140)

2 Images

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Overview

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|----------------------|---|
| Quantity: | 100 µL |
| Target: | EGLN1 |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 42-140 |
| Reactivity: | Human, Mouse |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This EGLN1 antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin- embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)) |

Product Details

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| Immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PHD2 |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human, Mouse |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Cow,Pig,Rabbit |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A. |

Target Details

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|---------|-------|
| Target: | EGLN1 |
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Target Details

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | PHD2 (EGLN1 Products) |
| Background: | <p>Synonyms: HPH2, PHD2, SM20, ECYT3, HPH-2, HIFPH2, ZMYND6, C1orf12, HIF-PH2, Egl nine homolog 1, Hypoxia-inducible factor prolyl hydroxylase 2, HIF-prolyl hydroxylase 2, Prolyl hydroxylase domain-containing protein 2, SM-20, EGLN1, PNAS-118, PNAS-137</p> <p>Background: Cellular oxygen sensor that catalyzes, under normoxic conditions, the post-translational formation of 4-hydroxyproline in hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) alpha proteins. Hydroxylates a specific proline found in each of the oxygen-dependent degradation (ODD) domains (N-terminal, NODD, and C-terminal, CODD) of HIF1A. Also hydroxylates HIF2A. Has a preference for the CODD site for both HIF1A and HIF1B. Hydroxylated HIFs are then targeted for proteasomal degradation via the von Hippel-Lindau ubiquitination complex. Under hypoxic conditions, the hydroxylation reaction is attenuated allowing HIFs to escape degradation resulting in their translocation to the nucleus, heterodimerization with HIF1B, and increased expression of hypoxia-inducible genes. EGLN1 is the most important isozyme under normoxia and, through regulating the stability of HIF1, involved in various hypoxia-influenced processes such as angiogenesis in retinal and cardiac functionality. Target proteins are preferentially recognized via a LXXLAP motif.</p> |
| Gene ID: | 54583 |
| UniProt: | Q9GZT9 |
| Pathways: | cAMP Metabolic Process , Warburg Effect |

Application Details

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| Application Notes: | WB 1:300-5000 ELISA 1:500-1000 IHC-P 1:200-400 IHC-F 1:100-500 IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200 |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |

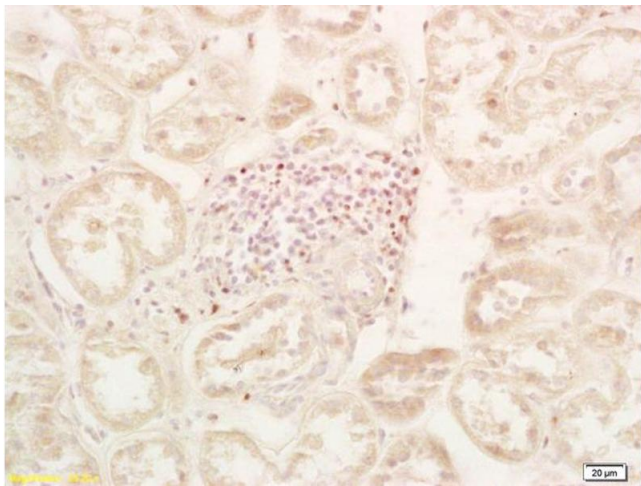
Handling

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|----------------|---------|
| Format: | Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1 µg/µL |

Handling

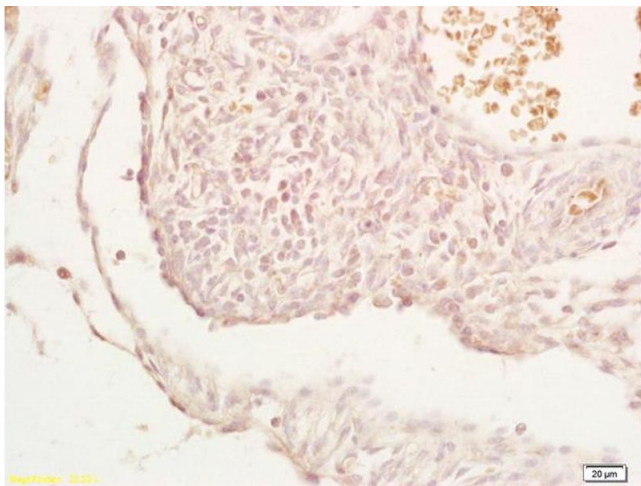
| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Buffer: | 0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol. |
| Preservative: | ProClin |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C,-20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded human kidney labeled with Anti-PHD2 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (ABIN702640) at 1:200, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded mouse embryo labeled with Anti-PHD2 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (ABIN702640) at 1:200, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining