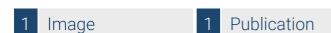


Datasheet for ABIN704246 anti-Glucagon antibody (AA 53-81)





Go to Product page

Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	Glucagon (GCG)
Binding Specificity:	AA 53-81
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Glucagon antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence
	(Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)),
	Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Glucagon
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	Glucagon (GCG)
Alternative Name:	Glucagon (GCG Products)

Background:

Synonyms: GLP1, GLP2, GRPP, Glucagon, GCG

Background: Glucagon plays a key role in glucose metabolism and homeostasis. Regulates blood glucose by increasing gluconeogenesis and decreasing glycolysis. A counterregulatory hormone of insulin, raises plasma glucose levels in response to insulin-induced hypoglycemia. Plays an important role in initiating and maintaining hyperglycemic conditions in diabetes. GLP-1 is a potent stimulator of glucose-dependent insulin release. Play important roles on gastric motility and the suppression of plasma glucagon levels. May be involved in the suppression of satiety and stimulation of glucose disposal in peripheral tissues, independent of the actions of insulin. Have growth-promoting activities on intestinal epithelium. May also regulate the hypothalamic pituitary axis (HPA) via effects on LH, TSH, CRH, oxytocin, and vasopressin secretion. Increases islet mass through stimulation of islet neogenesis and pancreatic beta cell proliferation. Inhibits beta cell apoptosis. GLP-2 stimulates intestinal growth and up-regulates villus height in the small intestine, concomitant with increased crypt cell proliferation and decreased enterocyte apoptosis. The gastrointestinal tract, from the stomach to the colon is the principal target for GLP-2 action. Plays a key role in nutrient homeostasis, enhancing nutrient assimilation through enhanced gastrointestinal function, as well as increasing nutrient disposal. Stimulates intestinal glucose transport and decreases mucosal permeability. Oxyntomodulin significantly reduces food intake. Inhibits gastric emptying in humans. Suppression of gastric emptying may lead to increased gastric distension, which may contribute to satiety by causing a sensation of fullness. Glicentin may modulate gastric acid secretion and the gastro-pyloro-duodenal activity. May play an important role in intestinal mucosal growth in the early period of life.

Gene ID:

2641

UniProt:

P01275

Pathways:

Positive Regulation of Peptide Hormone Secretion, Peptide Hormone Metabolism, cAMP Metabolic Process, Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process, Feeding Behaviour, Negative Regulation of intrinsic apoptotic Signaling

Application Details

Application Notes:

ELISA 1:500-1000

IHC-P 1:200-400

IHC-F 1:100-500

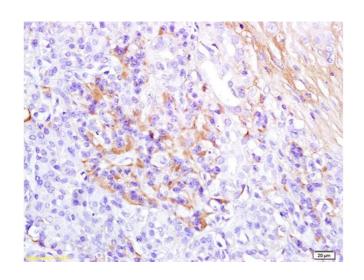
IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

Application Details

	IF(ICC) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be
	handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months
Publications	
Product cited in:	Sun, Nie, Wang, Yang, Meng, Xiao, Xiang, Li, Fu, Wang: "Factors that Affect Pancreatic Islet Cell
	Autophagy in Adult Rats: Evaluation of a Calorie-Restricted Diet and a High-Fat Diet." in: PLoS
	ONE , Vol. 11, Issue 3, pp. e0151104, (2016) (PubMed).

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded human pancreas carcinoma labeled with Anti-Glucagon Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (ABIN704246) at 1:200 followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining