

Datasheet for ABIN7127436

Recombinant anti-XPO1 antibody**2** Images[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

| | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Quantity: | 100 µL |
| Target: | XPO1 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Antibody Type: | Recombinant Antibody |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal |
| Conjugate: | This XPO1 antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC) |

Product Details

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Immunogen: | A synthesized peptide derived from human CRM1 |
| Clone: | 9F2 |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human |
| Purification: | Affinity-chromatography |

Target Details

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Target: | XPO1 |
| Alternative Name: | XPO1 (XPO1 Products) |
| Background: | Background: Mediates the nuclear export of cellular proteins (cargos) bearing a leucine-rich |

Target Details

nuclear export signal (NES) and of RNAs. In the nucleus, in association with RANBP3, binds cooperatively to the NES on its target protein and to the GTPase RAN in its active GTP-bound form (Ran-GTP). Docking of this complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated through binding to nucleoporins. Upon transit of a nuclear export complex into the cytoplasm, disassembling of the complex and hydrolysis of Ran-GTP to Ran-GDP (induced by RANBP1 and RANGAP1, respectively) cause release of the cargo from the export receptor. The directionality of nuclear export is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus. Involved in U3 snoRNA transport from Cajal bodies to nucleoli. Binds to late precursor U3 snoRNA bearing a TMG cap. Several viruses, among them HIV-1, HTLV-1 and influenza A use it to export their unspliced or incompletely spliced RNAs out of the nucleus. Interacts with, and mediates the nuclear export of HIV-1 Rev and HTLV-1 Rex proteins. Involved in HTLV-1 Rex multimerization.

Aliases: Exportin-1 (Exp1) (Chromosome region maintenance 1 protein homolog), XPO1, CRM1

UniProt: [O14980](#)

Pathways: [M Phase](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: Recommended dilution: IHC:1:50-1:200,

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

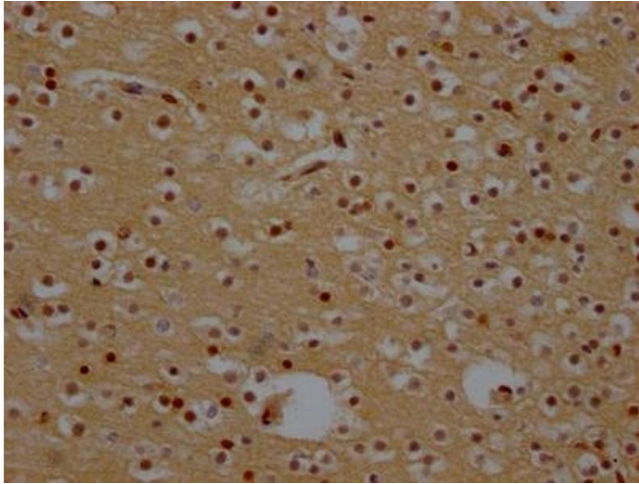
Buffer: Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 % glycerol.

Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

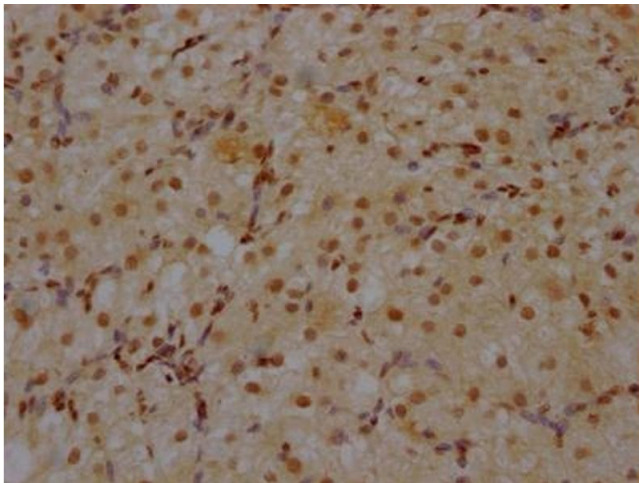
Storage: -20 °C,-80 °C

Storage Comment: Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. IHC image of ABIN7127436 diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human brain tissue performed on a Leica Bond™ system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10 % normal goat serum 30 min at RT. Then primary antibody (1 % BSA) was incubated at 4 °C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat anti-rabbit IgG polymer labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05 % DAB.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. IHC image of ABIN7127436 diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human ovarian tissue performed on a Leica Bond™ system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10 % normal goat serum 30 min at RT. Then primary antibody (1 % BSA) was incubated at 4 °C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat anti-rabbit IgG polymer labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05 % DAB.