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Recombinant anti-POLR2A/RPB1 antibody (pSer5)





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Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	POLR2A/RPB1 (POLR2A)
Binding Specificity:	pSer5
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Antibody Type:	Recombinant Antibody
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This POLR2A/RPB1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA
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Product Details	

Product Details

Immunogen:	A synthesized peptide derived from human Phospho-POLR2A (S5)
Clone:	2H4
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human
Purification:	Affinity-chromatography

Target Details

Target:	POLR2A/RPB1 (POLR2A)
Alternative Name:	POLR2A (POLR2A Products)

Background:

Background: DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes the transcription of DNA into RNA using the four ribonucleoside triphosphates as substrates. Largest and catalytic component of RNA polymerase II which synthesizes mRNA precursors and many functional non-coding RNAs. Forms the polymerase active center together with the second largest subunit. Pol II is the central component of the basal RNA polymerase II transcription machinery. It is composed of mobile elements that move relative to each other. RPB1 is part of the core element with the central large cleft, the clamp element that moves to open and close the cleft and the jaws that are thought to grab the incoming DNA template. At the start of transcription, a single-stranded DNA template strand of the promoter is positioned within the central active site cleft of Pol II. A bridging helix emanates from RPB1 and crosses the cleft near the catalytic site and is thought to promote translocation of Pol II by acting as a ratchet that moves the RNA-DNA hybrid through the active site by switching from straight to bent conformations at each step of nucleotide addition. During transcription elongation, Pol II moves on the template as the transcript elongates. Elongation is influenced by the phosphorylation status of the C-terminal domain (CTD) of Pol II largest subunit (RPB1), which serves as a platform for assembly of factors that regulate transcription initiation, elongation, termination and mRNA processing. Regulation of gene expression levels depends on the balance between methylation and acetylation levels of tha CTD-lysines (By similarity). Initiation or early elongation steps of transcription of growth-factors-induced immediate early genes are regulated by the acetylation status of the CTD (PubMed:24207025). Methylation and dimethylation have a repressive effect on target genes expression (By similarity).

Aliases: DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB1, RNA polymerase II subunit B1, DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit A, DNA-directed RNA polymerase III largest subunit, RNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB1, POLR2A, POLR2

UniProt: P24928

Pathways: Regulatory RNA Pathways

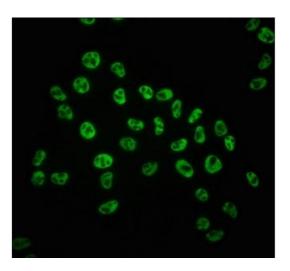
Application Details

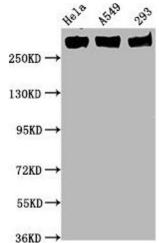
Application Notes:	Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:50-1:200, IF:1:20-1:200,
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid

Handling

Buffer:	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 $\%$ sodium azide and 50 $\%$ glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

Images



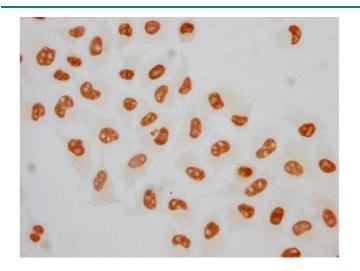


Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Immunofluorescence staining of Hela cells with ABIN7127726 at 1:100,counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4°C. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 488-congugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L).

Western Blotting

Image 2. Western Blot Positive WB detected in Hela whole cell lysate,A549 whole cell lysate,293 whole cell lysate All lanes Phospho-POLR2A antibody at $0.75 \,\mu\text{g/mL}$ Secondary Goat polyclonal to rabbit lgG at 1/50000 dilution Predicted band size: 270 KDa Observed band size: 270 KDa



Immunocytochemistry

Image 3. Immunocytochemistry analysis of ABIN7127726 diluted at 1:75 and staining in Hela cells(treated with 100 ng/mL EGF for 4h) performed on a Leica BondTM system. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30 min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.