

Datasheet for ABIN7138913
anti-IGF1R antibody (pTyr1161)



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3 Images

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	IGF1R
Binding Specificity:	pTyr1161
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This IGF1R antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of tyrosine 1161(D-I-Y(p)-E-T)derived from Human IGF-1R.
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Purification:	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatography using

Target Details

Target:	IGF1R
Alternative Name:	IGF1R (IGF1R Products)

Background:

Background: Receptor tyrosine kinase which mediates actions of insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1). Binds IGF1 with high affinity and IGF2 and insulin (INS) with a lower affinity. The activated IGF1R is involved in cell growth and survival control. IGF1R is crucial for tumor transformation and survival of malignant cell. Ligand binding activates the receptor kinase, leading to receptor autophosphorylation, and tyrosines phosphorylation of multiple substrates, that function as signaling adapter proteins including, the insulin-receptor substrates (IRS1/2), Shc and 14-3-3 proteins. Phosphorylation of IRSs proteins lead to the activation of two main signaling pathways: the PI3K-AKT/PKB pathway and the Ras-MAPK pathway. The result of activating the MAPK pathway is increased cellular proliferation, whereas activating the PI3K pathway inhibits apoptosis and stimulates protein synthesis. Phosphorylated IRS1 can activate the 85 kDa regulatory subunit of PI3K (PIK3R1), leading to activation of several downstream substrates, including protein AKT/PKB. AKT phosphorylation, in turn, enhances protein synthesis through mTOR activation and triggers the antiapoptotic effects of IGF1R through phosphorylation and inactivation of BAD. In parallel to PI3K-driven signaling, recruitment of Grb2/SOS by phosphorylated IRS1 or Shc leads to recruitment of Ras and activation of the ras-MAPK pathway. In addition to these two main signaling pathways IGF1R signals also through the Janus kinase/signal transducer and activator of transcription pathway (JAK/STAT). Phosphorylation of JAK proteins can lead to phosphorylation/activation of signal transducers and activators of transcription (STAT) proteins. In particular activation of STAT3, may be essential for the transforming activity of IGF1R. The JAK/STAT pathway activates gene transcription and may be responsible for the transforming activity. JNK kinases can also be activated by the IGF1R. IGF1 exerts inhibiting activities on JNK activation via phosphorylation and inhibition of MAP3K5/ASK1, which is able to directly associate with the IGF1R. When present in a hybrid receptor with INSR, binds IGF1. shows that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Long are activated with a high affinity by IGF1, with low affinity by IGF2 and not significantly activated by insulin, and that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Short are activated by IGF1, IGF2 and insulin. In contrast, shows that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Long and hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Short have similar binding characteristics, both bind IGF1 and have a low affinity for insulin. Kasuya J., Paz I.B., Maddux B.A., Goldfine I.D., Hefta S.A., Fujita-Yamaguchi Y. *Biochemistry* 32:13531-13536(1993) Slaaby R., Schaeffer L., Lautrup-Larsen I., Andersen A.S., Shaw A.C., Mathiasen I.S., Brandt J.J. *Biol. Chem.* 281:25869-25874(2006) Wu J., Li W., Craddock B.P., Foreman K.W., Mulvihill M.J., Ji Q.S., Miller W.T., Hubbard S.R. *EMBO J.* 27:1985-1994(2008)

Aliases: CD221 antibody; CD221 antigen antibody; IGF 1 receptor antibody; IGF 1R antibody; IGF I receptor antibody; IGF-I receptor antibody; Igf1r antibody; IGF1R_HUMAN antibody; IGFIR

Target Details

antibody; IGFIRC antibody; IGFR antibody; Insulin like growth factor 1 receptor antibody; Insulin like growth factor 1 receptor precursor antibody; Insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor beta chain antibody; Insulin-like growth factor I receptor antibody; JTK13 antibody; MGC142170 antibody; MGC142172 antibody; MGC18216 antibody; Soluble IGF1R variant 1 antibody; Soluble IGF1R variant 2 antibody

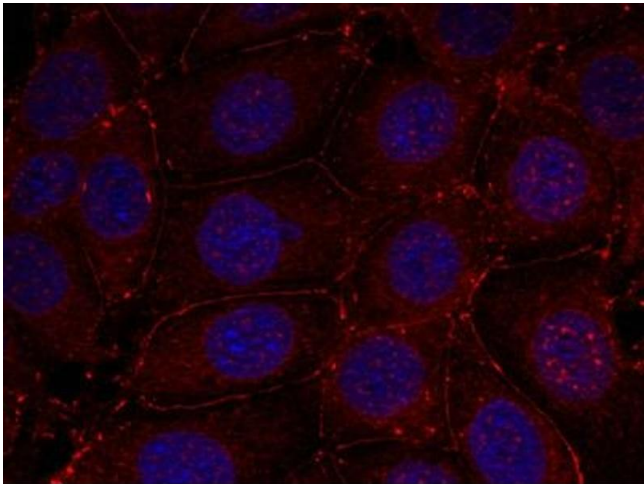
UniProt:	P08069
Pathways:	RTK Signaling , Regulation of Hormone Metabolic Process , Regulation of Hormone Biosynthetic Process , Autophagy

Application Details

Application Notes:	WB:1:500-1:1000, IHC:1:50-1:100, IF:1:100-1:200,
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

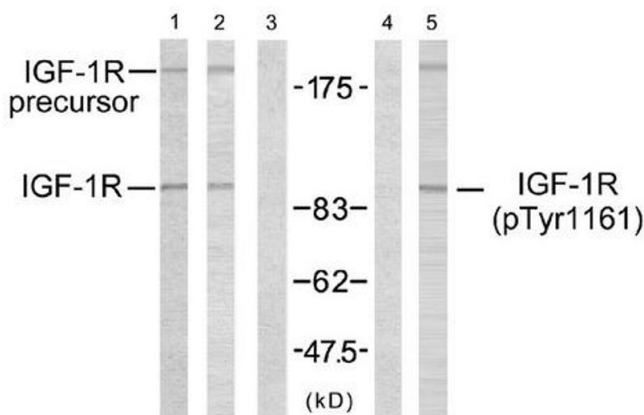
Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Supplied at 1.0 mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.



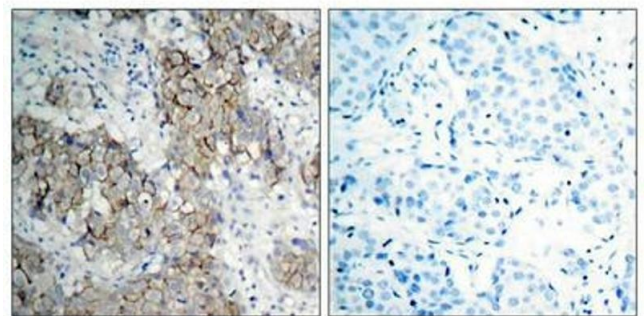
Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed MCF7 cells using IGF-1R (phospho-Tyr1161) antibody.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis using IGF-1R (Ab-1161) antibody (Line 1, 2 and 3) and IGF-1R (phospho-Tyr1161) antibody (Line 4 and 5).



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using IGF-1R (phospho-Tyr1161) antibody.