

# Datasheet for ABIN7145448 anti-Arrestin 3 antibody (AA 222-369)

3 Images



Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	Arrestin 3 (ARRB2)
Binding Specificity:	AA 222-369
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Arrestin 3 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF)

# Product Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant Human Beta-arrestin-2 protein (222-369AA)
lsotype:	lgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Rat
Purification:	>95%, Protein G purified

## Target Details

Target:	Arrestin 3 (ARRB2)
Alternative Name:	ARRB2 (ARRB2 Products)
Background:	Background: Functions in regulating agonist-mediated G-protein coupled receptor (GPCR)
	signaling by mediating both receptor desensitization and resensitization processes. During

Order at www.antibodies-online.com | www.antikoerper-online.de | www.anticorps-enligne.fr | www.antibodies-online.cn International: +49 (0)241 95 163 153 | USA & Canada: +1 877 302 8632 | support@antibodies-online.com Page 1/5 | Product datasheet for ABIN7145448 | 07/25/2024 | Copyright antibodies-online. All rights reserved. homologous desensitization, beta-arrestins bind to the GPRK-phosphorylated receptor and sterically preclude its coupling to the cognate G-protein, the binding appears to require additional receptor determinants exposed only in the active receptor conformation. The betaarrestins target many receptors for internalization by acting as endocytic adapters (CLASPs, clathrin-associated sorting proteins) and recruiting the GPRCs to the adapter protein 2 complex 2 (AP-2) in clathrin-coated pits (CCPs). However, the extent of beta-arrestin involvement appears to vary significantly depending on the receptor, agonist and cell type. Internalized arrestin-receptor complexes traffic to intracellular endosomes, where they remain uncoupled from G-proteins. Two different modes of arrestin-mediated internalization occur. Class A receptors, like ADRB2, OPRM1, ENDRA, D1AR and ADRA1B dissociate from beta-arrestin at or near the plasma membrane and undergo rapid recycling. Class B receptors, like AVPR2, AGTR1, NTSR1, TRHR and TACR1 internalize as a complex with arrestin and traffic with it to endosomal vesicles, presumably as desensitized receptors, for extended periods of time. Receptor resensitization then requires that receptor-bound arrestin is removed so that the receptor can be dephosphorylated and returned to the plasma membrane. Mediates endocytosis of CCR7 following ligation of CCL19 but not CCL21. Involved in internalization of P2RY1, P2RY4, P2RY6 and P2RY11 and ATP-stimulated internalization of P2RY2. Involved in phosphorylationdependent internalization of OPRD1 and subsequent recycling or degradation. Involved in ubiquitination of IGF1R. Beta-arrestins function as multivalent adapter proteins that can switch the GPCR from a G-protein signaling mode that transmits short-lived signals from the plasma membrane via small molecule second messengers and ion channels to a beta-arrestin signaling mode that transmits a distinct set of signals that are initiated as the receptor internalizes and transits the intracellular compartment. Acts as signaling scaffold for MAPK pathways such as MAPK1/3 (ERK1/2) and MAPK10 (JNK3). ERK1/2 and JNK3 activated by the beta-arrestin scaffold are largely excluded from the nucleus and confined to cytoplasmic locations such as endocytic vesicles, also called beta-arrestin signalosomes. Acts as signaling scaffold for the AKT1 pathway. GPCRs for which the beta-arrestin-mediated signaling relies on both ARRB1 and ARRB2 (codependent regulation) include ADRB2, F2RL1 and PTH1R. For some GPCRs the beta-arrestin-mediated signaling relies on either ARRB1 or ARRB2 and is inhibited by the other respective beta-arrestin form (reciprocal regulation). Increases ERK1/2 signaling in AGTR1- and AVPR2-mediated activation (reciprocal regulation). Involved in CCR7-mediated ERK1/2 signaling involving ligand CCL19. Is involved in type-1A angiotensin II receptor/AGTR1mediated ERK activity. Is involved in type-1A angiotensin II receptor/AGTR1-mediated MAPK10 activity. Is involved in dopamine-stimulated AKT1 activity in the striatum by disrupting the association of AKT1 with its negative regulator PP2A. Involved in AGTR1-mediated chemotaxis. Appears to function as signaling scaffold involved in regulation of MIP-1-beta-stimulated CCR5-

dependent chemotaxis. Involved in attenuation of NF-kappa-B-dependent transcription in
response to GPCR or cytokine stimulation by interacting with and stabilizing CHUK. Suppresses
UV-induced NF-kappa-B-dependent activation by interacting with CHUK. The function is
promoted by stimulation of ADRB2 and dephosphorylation of ARRB2. Involved in p53/TP53-
mediated apoptosis by regulating MDM2 and reducing the MDM2-mediated degradation of
p53/TP53. May serve as nuclear messenger for GPCRs. Upon stimulation of OR1D2, may be
involved in regulation of gene expression during the early processes of fertilization. Also
involved in regulation of receptors other than GPCRs. Involved in endocytosis of TGFBR2 and
TGFBR3 and down-regulates TGF-beta signaling such as NF-kappa-B activation. Involved in
endocytosis of low-density lipoprotein receptor/LDLR. Involved in endocytosis of smoothened
homolog/Smo, which also requires ADRBK1. Involved in endocytosis of SLC9A5. Involved in
endocytosis of ENG and subsequent TGF-beta-mediated ERK activation and migration of
epithelial cells. Involved in Toll-like receptor and IL-1 receptor signaling through the interaction
with TRAF6 which prevents TRAF6 autoubiquitination and oligomerization required for
activation of NF-kappa-B and JUN. Involved in insulin resistance by acting as insulin-induced
signaling scaffold for SRC, AKT1 and INSR. Involved in regulation of inhibitory signaling of
natural killer cells by recruiting PTPN6 and PTPN11 to KIR2DL1. Involved in IL8-mediated
granule release in neutrophils. Involved in the internalization of the atypical chemokine receptor
ACKR3.

Aliases: ARB 2 antibody, ARB2 antibody, ARR 2 antibody, ARR2 antibody, ARRB 2 antibody, ARRB2 antibody, ARRB2\_HUMAN antibody, Arrestin 3 antibody, Arrestin beta 2 antibody, Arrestin beta-2 antibody, BARR2 antibody, Beta-arrestin-2 antibody, DKFZp686L0365 antibody, HGNC:712 antibody

UniProt:	P32121
Pathways:	Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling Pathway, Regulation of Intracellular Steroid
	Hormone Receptor Signaling, cAMP Metabolic Process, Myometrial Relaxation and Contraction,
	Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Synaptic Membrane, Regulation of G-Protein
	Coupled Receptor Protein Signaling, CXCR4-mediated Signaling Events, Phototransduction,
	Thromboxane A2 Receptor Signaling

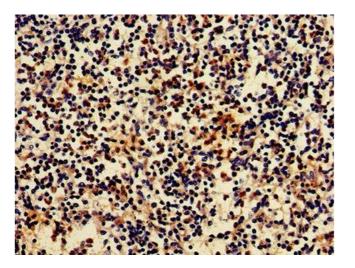
### Application Details

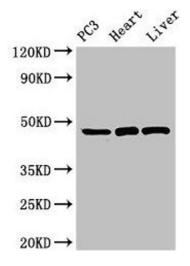
Application Notes:	Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:500-1:1000, IF:1:50-1:200,
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

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Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Preservative: 0.03 % Proclin 300 Constituents: 50 % Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

#### Images





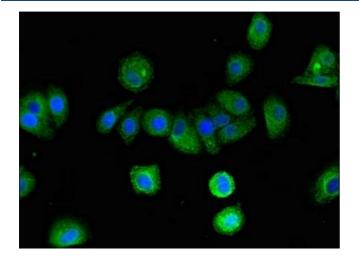
#### Immunohistochemistry

**Image 1.** IHC image of ABIN7145448 diluted at 1:700 and staining in paraffin-embedded human spleen tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a biotinylated secondary antibody and visualized using an HRP conjugated SP system.

#### Western Blotting

**Image 2.** Western Blot Positive WB detected in: PC-3 whole cell lysate, Rat heart tissue, Rat liver tissue All lanes: ARRB2 antibody at  $3.5 \mu$ g/mL Secondary Goat polyclonal to rabbit lgG at 1/50000 dilution Predicted band size: 47, 48, 46, 49, 45 kDa Observed band size: 47 kDa

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#### Immunofluorescence

**Image 3.** Immunofluorescent analysis of HepG2 cells using ABIN7145448 at dilution of 1:100 and Alexa Fluor 488-congugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L)

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