

Datasheet for ABIN7148931
anti-CDK5 antibody (AA 1-292)[Go to Product page](#)

4 Images

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	CDK5
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-292
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This CDK5 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant Human Cyclin-dependent-like kinase 5 protein (1-292AA)
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Purification:	>95%, Protein G purified

Target Details

Target:	CDK5
Alternative Name:	CDK5 (CDK5 Products)
Background:	Background: Proline-directed serine/threonine-protein kinase essential for neuronal cell cycle arrest and differentiation and may be involved in apoptotic cell death in neuronal diseases by

triggering abortive cell cycle re-entry. Interacts with D1 and D3-type G1 cyclins. Phosphorylates SRC, NOS3, VIM/vimentin, p35/CDK5R1, MEF2A, SIPA1L1, SH3GLB1, PXN, PAK1, MCAM/MUC18, SEPT5, SYN1, DNM1, AMPH, SYNJ1, CDK16, RAC1, RHOA, CDC42, TONEBP/NFAT5, MAPT/TAU, MAP1B, histone H1, p53/TP53, HDAC1, APEX1, PTK2/FAK1, huntingtin/HTT, ATM, MAP2, NEFH and NEFM. Regulates several neuronal development and physiological processes including neuronal survival, migration and differentiation, axonal and neurite growth, synaptogenesis, oligodendrocyte differentiation, synaptic plasticity and neurotransmission, by phosphorylating key proteins. Activated by interaction with CDK5R1 (p35) and CDK5R2 (p39), especially in post-mitotic neurons, and promotes CDK5R1 (p35) expression in an autostimulation loop. Phosphorylates many downstream substrates such as Rho and Ras family small GTPases (e.g. PAK1, RAC1, RHOA, CDC42) or microtubule-binding proteins (e.g. MAPT/TAU, MAP2, MAP1B), and modulates actin dynamics to regulate neurite growth and/or spine morphogenesis. Phosphorylates also exocytosis associated proteins such as MCAM/MUC18, SEPT5, SYN1, and CDK16/PCTAIRE1 as well as endocytosis associated proteins such as DNM1, AMPH and SYNJ1 at synaptic terminals. In the mature central nervous system (CNS), regulates neurotransmitter movements by phosphorylating substrates associated with neurotransmitter release and synapse plasticity, synaptic vesicle exocytosis, vesicles fusion with the presynaptic membrane, and endocytosis. Promotes cell survival by activating anti-apoptotic proteins BCL2 and STAT3, and negatively regulating of JNK3/MAPK10 activity. Phosphorylation of p53/TP53 in response to genotoxic and oxidative stresses enhances its stabilization by preventing ubiquitin ligase-mediated proteasomal degradation, and induces transactivation of p53/TP53 target genes, thus regulating apoptosis. Phosphorylation of p35/CDK5R1 enhances its stabilization by preventing calpain-mediated proteolysis producing p25/CDK5R1 and avoiding ubiquitin ligase-mediated proteasomal degradation. During aberrant cell-cycle activity and DNA damage, p25/CDK5 activity elicits cell-cycle activity and double-strand DNA breaks that precedes neuronal death by deregulating HDAC1. DNA damage triggered phosphorylation of huntingtin/HTT in nuclei of neurons protects neurons against polyglutamine expansion as well as DNA damage mediated toxicity. Phosphorylation of PXN reduces its interaction with PTK2/FAK1 in matrix-cell focal adhesions (MCFA) during oligodendrocytes (OLs) differentiation. Negative regulator of Wnt/beta-catenin signaling pathway. Activator of the GAIT (IFN-gamma-activated inhibitor of translation) pathway, which suppresses expression of a post-transcriptional regulon of proinflammatory genes in myeloid cells, phosphorylates the linker domain of glutamyl-prolyl tRNA synthetase (EPRS) in a IFN-gamma-dependent manner, the initial event in assembly of the GAIT complex. Phosphorylation of SH3GLB1 is required for autophagy induction in starved neurons. Phosphorylation of TONEBP/NFAT5 in response to osmotic stress mediates its rapid nuclear

Target Details

localization. MEF2 is inactivated by phosphorylation in nucleus in response to neurotoxin, thus leading to neuronal apoptosis. APEX1 AP-endodeoxyribonuclease is repressed by phosphorylation, resulting in accumulation of DNA damage and contributing to neuronal death. NOS3 phosphorylation down regulates NOS3-derived nitrite (NO) levels. SRC phosphorylation mediates its ubiquitin-dependent degradation and thus leads to cytoskeletal reorganization. May regulate endothelial cell migration and angiogenesis via the modulation of lamellipodia formation. Involved in dendritic spine morphogenesis by mediating the EFNA1-EPHA4 signaling. The complex p35/CDK5 participates in the regulation of the circadian clock by modulating the function of CLOCK protein: phosphorylates CLOCK at '\Thr-451\' and '\Thr-461\' and regulates the transcriptional activity of the CLOCK-ARNTL/BMAL1 heterodimer in association with altered stability and subcellular distribution.

Aliases: Cdk 5 antibody, Cdk5 antibody, CDK5_HUMAN antibody, Cell division protein kinase 5 antibody, Crk6 antibody, Cyclin dependent kinase 5 antibody, Cyclin-dependent kinase 5 antibody, Protein kinase CDK5 splicing antibody, PSSALRE antibody, Serine threonine protein kinase PSSALRE antibody, Serine/threonine-protein kinase PSSALRE antibody, Tau protein kinase II catalytic subunit antibody, TPKII catalytic subunit antibody

UniProt: [Q00535](#)

Pathways: [Cell Division Cycle](#), [Regulation of Muscle Cell Differentiation](#), [Synaptic Membrane](#), [Regulation of Cell Size](#), [Skeletal Muscle Fiber Development](#), [Synaptic Vesicle Exocytosis](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:20-1:200, IF:1:50-1:200,

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: Preservative: 0.03 % Proclin 300
Constituents: 50 % Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4

Preservative: ProClin

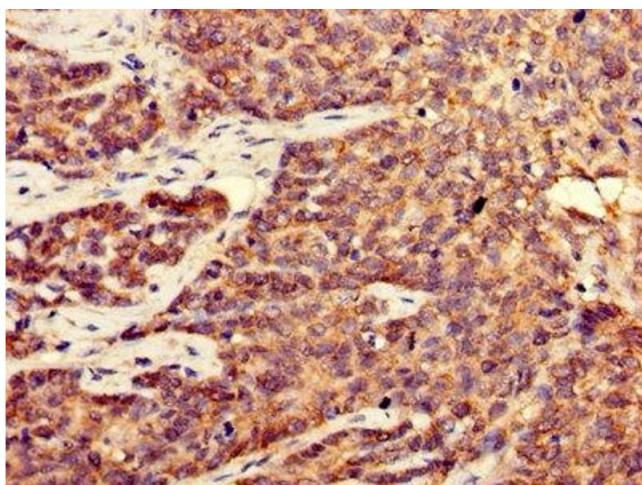
Precaution of Use: This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: -20 °C,-80 °C

Handling

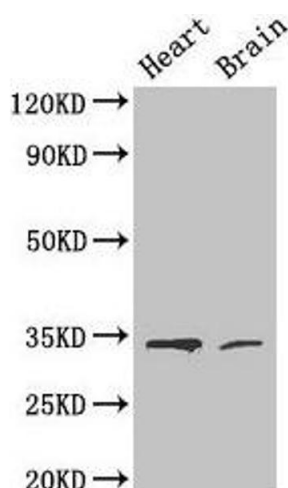
Storage Comment: Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

Images



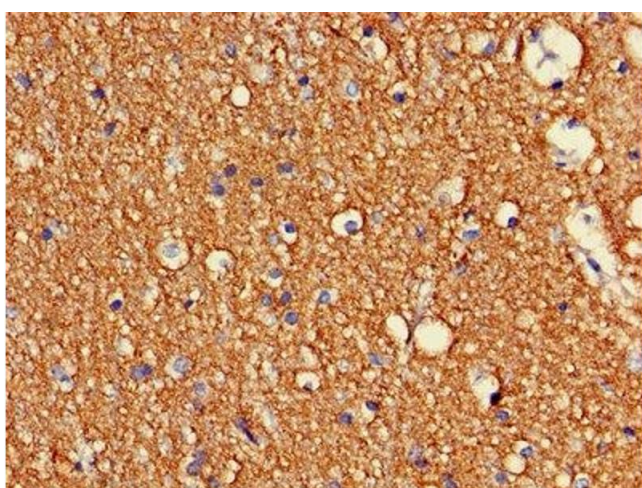
Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human ovarian cancer using ABIN7148931 at dilution of 1:100



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western Blot Positive WB detected in: Mouse heart tissue, Mouse brain tissue All lanes: CDK5 antibody at 4 µg/mL Secondary Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution Predicted band size: 34, 30 kDa Observed band size: 34 kDa



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue using ABIN7148931 at dilution of 1:100

Please check the [product details page](#) for more images. Overall 4 images are available for ABIN7148931.