

Datasheet for ABIN7149691
anti-CDT2/RAMP antibody (AA 393-550)[Go to Product page](#)

2 Images

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	CDT2/RAMP (DTL)
Binding Specificity:	AA 393-550
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This CDT2/RAMP antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant Human Denticleless protein homolog protein (393-550AA)
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human
Purification:	>95%, Protein G purified

Target Details

Target:	CDT2/RAMP (DTL)
Alternative Name:	DTL (DTL Products)
Background:	Background: Substrate-specific adapter of a DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex required for cell cycle control, DNA damage response and translesion DNA synthesis.

Target Details

The DCX(DTL) complex, also named CRL4(CDT2) complex, mediates the polyubiquitination and subsequent degradation of CDT1, CDKN1A/p21(CIP1), FBXO18/FBH1 and KMT5A (PubMed:16861906, PubMed:16949367, PubMed:16964240, PubMed:17085480, PubMed:18703516, PubMed:18794347, PubMed:18794348, PubMed:19332548, PubMed:20129063, PubMed:23478441, PubMed:23478445, PubMed:23677613). CDT1 degradation in response to DNA damage is necessary to ensure proper cell cycle regulation of DNA replication (PubMed:16861906, PubMed:16949367, PubMed:17085480). CDKN1A/p21(CIP1) degradation during S phase or following UV irradiation is essential to control replication licensing (PubMed:18794348, PubMed:19332548). KMT5A degradation is also important for a proper regulation of mechanisms such as TGF-beta signaling, cell cycle progression, DNA repair and cell migration (PubMed:23478445). Most substrates require their interaction with PCNA for their polyubiquitination: substrates interact with PCNA via their PIP-box, and those containing the 'K+4' motif in the PIP box, recruit the DCX(DTL) complex, leading to their degradation. In undamaged proliferating cells, the DCX(DTL) complex also promotes the 'Lys-164' monoubiquitination of PCNA, thereby being involved in PCNA-dependent translesion DNA synthesis (PubMed:20129063, PubMed:23478441, PubMed:23478445, PubMed:23677613).

Aliases: Lethal(2) denticleless protein homolog antibody, CDW1 antibody, DCAF2 antibody, DDB1 and CUL4 associated factor 2 antibody, Ddb1- and Cul4-associated factor 2 antibody, Denticless homolog antibody, Denticless homolog (Drosophila) antibody, Denticless protein homolog antibody, Dtl antibody, DTL_HUMAN antibody, L2DTL antibody, Lethal(2) denticleless protein homolog antibody, RA regulated nuclear matrix associated protein antibody, RAMP antibody, Retinoic acid regulated nuclear matrix associated protein antibody, Retinoic acid-regulated nuclear matrix-associated protein antibody

UniProt: [Q9NZJ0](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: Recommended dilution: IHC:1:20-1:200,

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

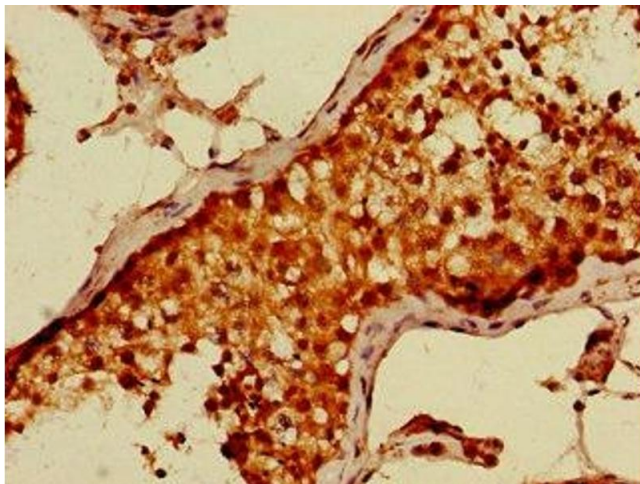
Format: Liquid

Buffer: Preservative: 0.03 % Proclin 300
Constituents: 50 % Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4

Handling

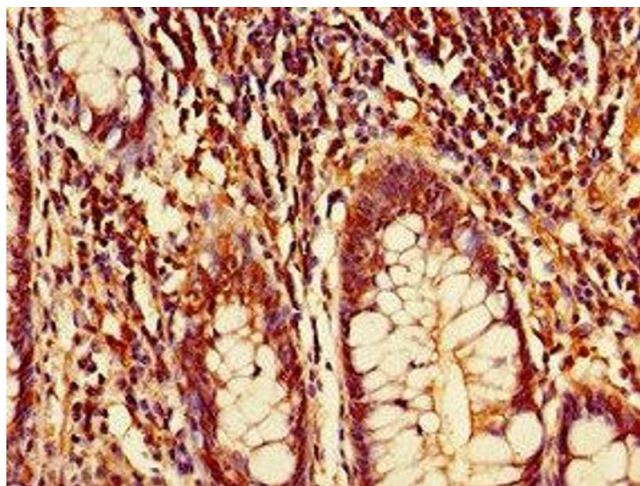
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human testis tissue using ABIN7149691 at dilution of 1:100



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human colon cancer using ABIN7149691 at dilution of 1:100