

Datasheet for ABIN7153311
anti-Mesothelin antibody (AA 1-62)



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3 Images

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	Mesothelin (MSLN)
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-62
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Mesothelin antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant Human G-protein coupled estrogen receptor 1 protein (1-62AA)
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Purification:	>95%, Protein G purified

Target Details

Target:	Mesothelin (MSLN)
Alternative Name:	GPER1 (MSLN Products)
Background:	Background: G-protein coupled estrogen receptor that binds to 17-beta-estradiol (E2) with high affinity, leading to rapid and transient activation of numerous intracellular signaling pathways.

Stimulates cAMP production, calcium mobilization and tyrosine kinase Src inducing the release of heparin-bound epidermal growth factor (HB-EGF) and subsequent transactivation of the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR), activating downstream signaling pathways such as PI3K/Akt and ERK/MAPK. Mediates pleiotropic functions among others in the cardiovascular, endocrine, reproductive, immune and central nervous systems. Has a role in cardioprotection by reducing cardiac hypertrophy and perivascular fibrosis in a RAMP3-dependent manner. Regulates arterial blood pressure by stimulating vasodilation and reducing vascular smooth muscle and microvascular endothelial cell proliferation. Plays a role in blood glucose homeostasis contributing to the insulin secretion response by pancreatic beta cells. Triggers mitochondrial apoptosis during pachytene spermatocyte differentiation. Stimulates uterine epithelial cell proliferation. Enhances uterine contractility in response to oxytocin. Contributes to thymic atrophy by inducing apoptosis. Attenuates TNF-mediated endothelial expression of leukocyte adhesion molecules. Promotes neuritogenesis in developing hippocampal neurons. Plays a role in acute neuroprotection against NMDA-induced excitotoxic neuronal death. Increases firing activity and intracellular calcium oscillations in luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone (LHRH) neurons. Inhibits early osteoblast proliferation at growth plate during skeletal development. Inhibits mature adipocyte differentiation and lipid accumulation. Involved in the recruitment of beta-arrestin 2 ARRB2 at the plasma membrane in epithelial cells. Functions also as a receptor for aldosterone mediating rapid regulation of vascular contractibility through the PI3K/ERK signaling pathway. Involved in cancer progression regulation. Stimulates cancer-associated fibroblast (CAF) proliferation by a rapid genomic response through the EGFR/ERK transduction pathway. Associated with EGFR, may act as a transcription factor activating growth regulatory genes (c-fos, cyclin D1). Promotes integrin alpha-5/beta-1 and fibronectin (FN) matrix assembly in breast cancer cells.

Aliases: CEPR antibody, Chemoattractant receptor-like 2 antibody, Chemokine receptor-like 2 antibody, CMKRL2 antibody, Constitutively expressed peptide like receptor antibody, DRY12 antibody, FEG 1 antibody, FEG-1 antibody, Flow-induced endothelial G protein-coupled receptor antibody, Flow-induced endothelial G-protein coupled receptor 1 antibody, G protein-coupled receptor 30 antibody, G-protein coupled estrogen receptor 1 antibody, G-protein coupled receptor 30 antibody, GPCR-BR antibody, Gper antibody, GPER_HUMAN antibody, GPER1 antibody, GPR30 antibody, IL8-related receptor DRY12 antibody, Lergu antibody, LERGU2 antibody, leucine rich protein in GPR30 3'UTR antibody, LYGPR antibody, Lymphocyte-derived G-protein coupled receptor antibody, Membrane estrogen receptor antibody, mER antibody, MGC99678 antibody

UniProt: [Q99527](#)

Target Details

Pathways:	EGFR Signaling Pathway, Positive Regulation of Peptide Hormone Secretion, Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling Pathway, Steroid Hormone Mediated Signaling Pathway, Carbohydrate Homeostasis, cAMP Metabolic Process, Regulation of G-Protein Coupled Receptor Protein Signaling, Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity, Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process
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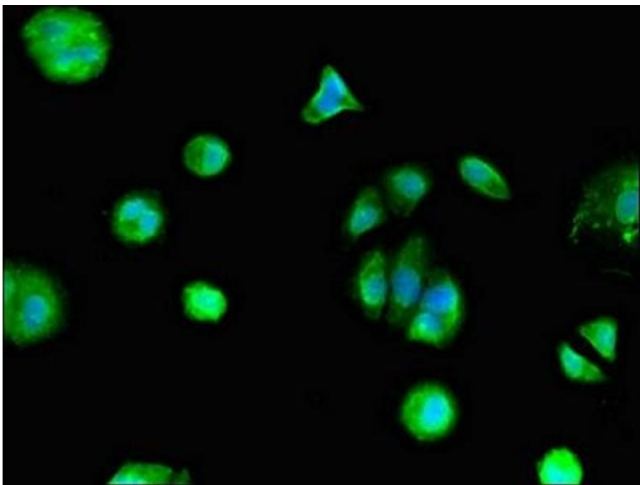
Application Details

Application Notes:	Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IHC:1:20-1:200, IF:1:50-1:200,
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

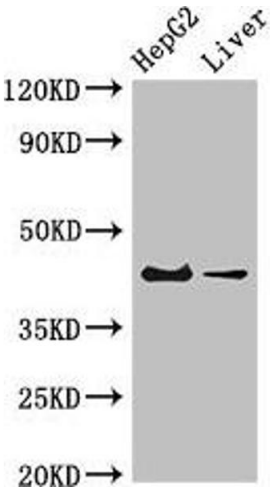
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Preservative: 0.03 % Proclin 300 Constituents: 50 % Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

Images



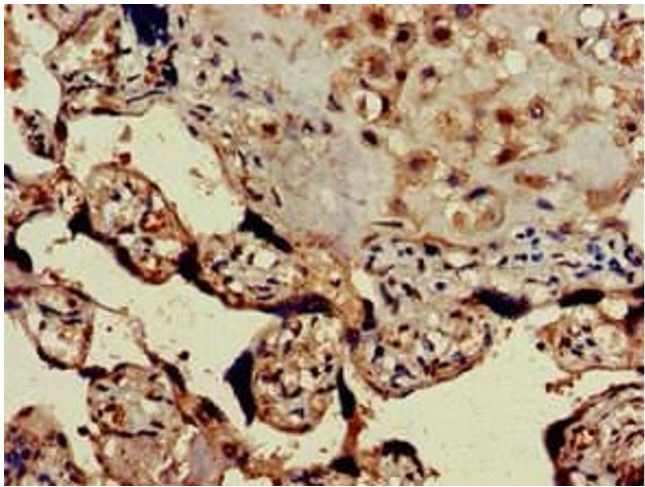
Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Immunofluorescent analysis of MCF-7 cells using ABIN7153311 at dilution of 1:100 and Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L)



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western Blot Positive WB detected in: HepG2 whole cell lysate, Mouse liver tissue All lanes: GPER1 antibody at 4 µg/mL Secondary Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution Predicted band size: 43 kDa Observed band size: 43 kDa



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human placenta tissue using ABIN7153311 at dilution of 1:100