

Datasheet for ABIN7156631
anti-IRF7 antibody (AA 131-289)[Go to Product page](#)

3 Images

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	IRF7
Binding Specificity:	AA 131-289
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This IRF7 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant Human Interferon regulatory factor 7 protein (131-289AA)
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human
Purification:	>95%, Protein G purified

Target Details

Target:	IRF7
Alternative Name:	IRF7 (IRF7 Products)
Background:	Background: Key transcriptional regulator of type I interferon (IFN)-dependent immune responses and plays a critical role in the innate immune response against DNA and RNA

Target Details

viruses. Regulates the transcription of type I IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters. Can efficiently activate both the IFN-beta (IFNB) and the IFN-alpha (IFNA) genes and mediate their induction via both the virus-activated, MyD88-independent pathway and the TLR-activated, MyD88-dependent pathway. Required during both the early and late phases of the IFN gene induction but is more critical for the late than for the early phase. Exists in an inactive form in the cytoplasm of uninfected cells and following viral infection, double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), or toll-like receptor (TLR) signaling, becomes phosphorylated by IKBKE and TBK1 kinases. This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization and nuclear localization where along with other coactivators it can activate transcription of the type I IFN and ISG genes. Can also play a role in regulating adaptive immune responses by inducing PSMB9/LMP2 expression, either directly or through induction of IRF1. Binds to the Q promoter (Qp) of EBV nuclear antigen 1 a (EBNA1) and may play a role in the regulation of EBV latency. Can activate distinct gene expression programs in macrophages and regulate the anti-tumor properties of primary macrophages.

Aliases: IMD39 antibody, Interferon regulatory factor 7 antibody, Interferon regulatory factor 7H antibody, IRF 7 antibody, IRF 7A antibody, IRF 7H antibody, IRF-7 antibody, IRF7 antibody, IRF7_HUMAN antibody, IRF7A antibody, IRF7B antibody, IRF7C antibody, IRF7H antibody

UniProt: [Q92985](#)

Pathways: [TLR Signaling](#), [Activation of Innate immune Response](#), [Hepatitis C](#), [Toll-Like Receptors Cascades](#), [Autophagy](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: Recommended dilution: IHC:1:20-1:200, IF:1:50-1:200,

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: Preservative: 0.03 % Proclin 300
Constituents: 50 % Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, PH 7.4

Preservative: ProClin

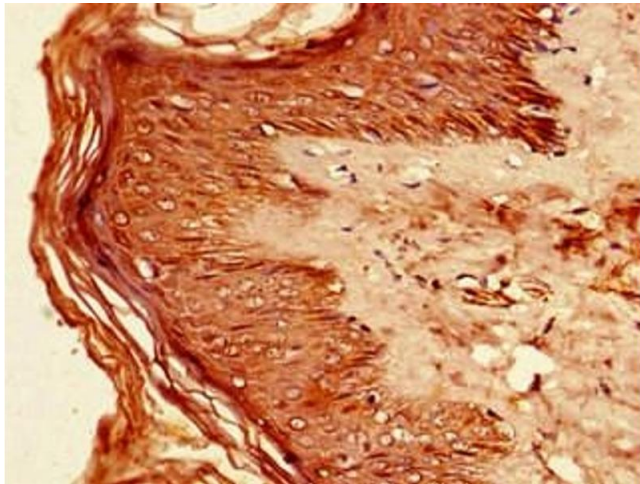
Precaution of Use: This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Handling

Storage: -20 °C, -80 °C

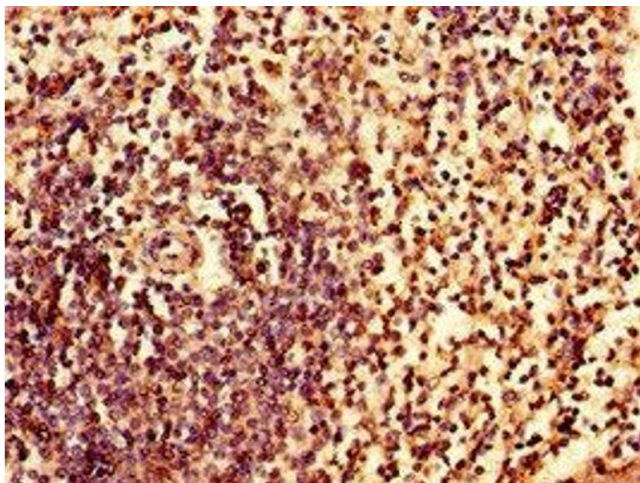
Storage Comment: Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

Images



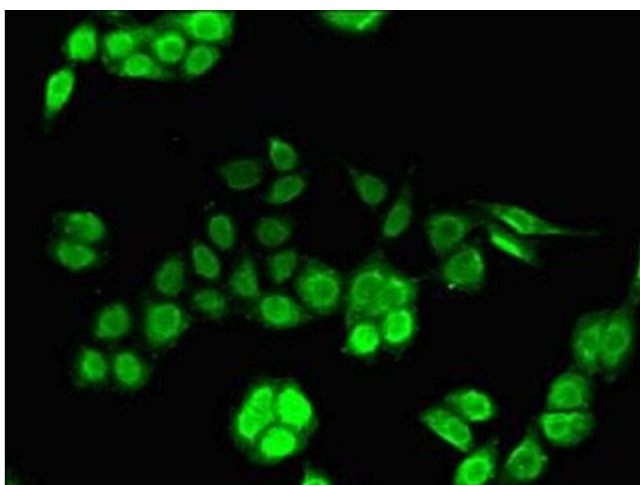
Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human skin tissue using ABIN7156631 at dilution of 1:100



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human spleen tissue using ABIN7156631 at dilution of 1:100



Immunofluorescence

Image 3. Immunofluorescent analysis of PC-3 cells using ABIN7156631 at dilution of 1:100 and Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L)