# antibodies -online.com





# anti-MOCS2 antibody (AA 1-88)





Go to Product page

_					
U	V	er	VI	е	W

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	MOCS2
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-88
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This MOCS2 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF)

# **Product Details**

Immunogen:	Recombinant Human Molybdopterin synthase sulfur carrier subunit protein (1-88AA)	
Isotype:	IgG	
Cross-Reactivity:	Human	
Purification:	>95%, Protein G purified	

# Target Details

Target:	MOCS2
Alternative Name:	MOCS2 (MOCS2 Products)
Background:	Background: Acts as a sulfur carrier required for molybdopterin biosynthesis. Component of the
	molybdopterin synthase complex that catalyzes the conversion of precursor Z into

## **Target Details**

molybdopterin by mediating the incorporation of 2 sulfur atoms into precursor Z to generate a dithiolene group. In the complex, serves as sulfur donor by being thiocarboxylated (-COSH) at its C-terminus by MOCS3. After interaction with MOCS2B, the sulfur is then transferred to precursor Z to form molybdopterin.

Aliases: MOCS2 antibody, MOCO1 antibody, Molybdopterin synthase sulfur carrier subunit antibody, MOCO1-A antibody, Molybdenum cofactor synthesis protein 2 small subunit antibody, Molybdenum cofactor synthesis protein 2A antibody, MOCS2A antibody, Molybdopterin-synthase small subunit antibody, Sulfur carrier protein MOCS2A antibody

UniProt:

Storage:

096033

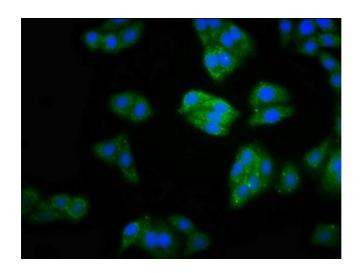
# **Application Details**

Application Notes:	Recommended dilution: IF:1:50-1:200,	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Buffer:	Preservative: 0.03 % Proclin 300 Constituents: 50 % Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4	
Preservative:	ProClin	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be	

Storage Comment: Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

-20 °C,-80 °C

handled by trained staff only.



## **Immunofluorescence**

**Image 1.** Immunofluorescence staining of HepG2 cells with ABIN7160141 at 1:100, counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4°C. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 488-congugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).