

Datasheet for ABIN7163895

anti-Ubiquitin B antibody (AA 103-228)

Images



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Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	Ubiquitin B (UBB)	
Binding Specificity:	AA 103-228	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This Ubiquitin B antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	Recombinant Human Polyubiquitin-B protein (103-228AA)	
Isotype:	IgG	
Cross-Reactivity:	Human	
Purification:	>95%, Antigen Affinity purified & Affinity purified	
Target Details		
Target:	Ubiquitin B (UBB)	
Alternative Name:	UBB (UBB Products)	
	Background: Ubiquitin: Exists either covalently attached to another protein, or free	

(unanchored). When covalently bound, it is conjugated to target proteins via an isopeptide bond

either as a monomer (monoubiquitin), a polymer linked via different Lys residues of the ubiquitin (polyubiquitin chains) or a linear polymer linked via the initiator Met of the ubiquitin (linear polyubiquitin chains). Polyubiquitin chains, when attached to a target protein, have different functions depending on the Lys residue of the ubiquitin that is linked: Lys-6-linked may be involved in DNA repair, Lys-11-linked is involved in ERAD (endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation) and in cell-cycle regulation, Lys-29-linked is involved in lysosomal degradation, Lys-33-linked is involved in kinase modification, Lys-48-linked is involved in protein degradation via the proteasome, Lys-63-linked is involved in endocytosis, DNA-damage responses as well as in signaling processes leading to activation of the transcription factor NF-kappa-B. Linear polymer chains formed via attachment by the initiator Met lead to cell signaling. Ubiquitin is usually conjugated to Lys residues of target proteins, however, in rare cases, conjugation to Cys or Ser residues has been observed. When polyubiquitin is free (unanchored-polyubiquitin), it also has distinct roles, such as in activation of protein kinases, and in signaling.

Aliases: UBB antibody, UBB_HUMAN antibody, Ubiquitin antibody

UniProt:

P0CG47

Pathways:

Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin Signaling
Pathway, Activation of Innate immune Response, Mitotic G1-G1/S Phases, DNA Replication,
Toll-Like Receptors Cascades, Synthesis of DNA, Autophagy, EGFR Downregulation, Ubiquitin
Proteasome Pathway

Application Details

Application Notes:	Recommended dilution: IHC:1:20-1:200,
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Preservative: 0.03 % Proclin 300

Preservative: ProClin

Precaution of Use: This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be

Constituents: 50 % Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4

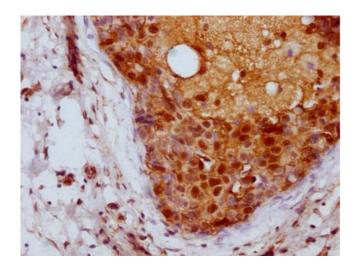
handled by trained staff only.

Storage: -20 °C,-80 °C

Storage Comment:

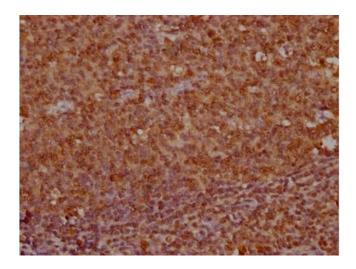
Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. IHC image of ABIN7163895 diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human breast cancer performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10 % normal goat serum 30 min at RT. Then primary antibody (1 % BSA) was incubated at 4 °C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat anti-rabbit IgG labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05 % DAB.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. IHC image of ABIN7163895 diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue performed on a Leica BondTM system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10 % normal goat serum 30 min at RT. Then primary antibody (1 % BSA) was incubated at 4 °C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat anti-rabbit IgG labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05 % DAB.