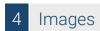


Datasheet for ABIN7165791 anti-MAGOH antibody (AA 1-146)





Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	MAGOH
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-146
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This MAGOH antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	Recombinant Human Protein mago nashi homolog protein (1-146AA)
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Purification:	Antigen Affinity Purified
Target Details	
Target:	MAGOH
Alternative Name:	MAGOH (MAGOH Products)
Background:	Background: Core component of the splicing-dependent multiprotein exon junction complex
	(EJC) deposited at splice junctions on mRNAs. The EJC is a dynamic structure consisting of

core proteins and several peripheral nuclear and cytoplasmic associated factors that join the complex only transiently either during EJC assembly or during subsequent mRNA metabolism. The EJC marks the position of the exon-exon junction in the mature mRNA for the gene expression machinery and the core components remain bound to spliced mRNAs throughout all stages of mRNA metabolism thereby influencing downstream processes including nuclear mRNA export, subcellular mRNA localization, translation efficiency and nonsense-mediated mRNA decay (NMD). The MAGOH-RBM8A heterodimer inhibits the ATPase activity of EIF4A3, thereby trapping the ATP-bound EJC core onto spliced mRNA in a stable conformation. The MAGOH-RBM8A heterodimer interacts with the EJC key regulator PYM1 leading to EJC disassembly in the cytoplasm and translation enhancement of EJC-bearing spliced mRNAs by recruiting them to the ribosomal 48S preinitiation complex. Involved in the splicing modulation of BCL2L1/Bcl-X (and probably other apoptotic genes), specifically inhibits formation of proapoptotic isoforms such as Bcl-X(S), the function is different from the established EJC assembly.

Aliases: Mago nashi homolog proliferation associated (Drosophila) antibody, Mago nashi protein homolog antibody, magoh antibody, MAGOHA antibody, MGN_HUMAN antibody, Protein mago nashi homolog antibody

Recommended dilution: WB:1:1000-1:5000, IHC:1:20-1:200, IP:1:200-1:2000,

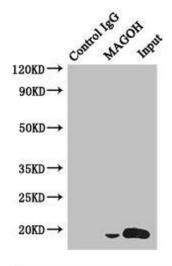
UniProt:

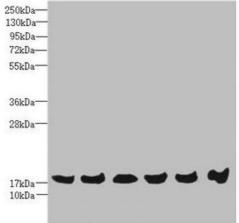
P61326

Application Details

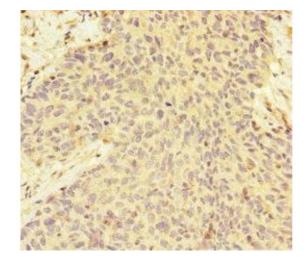
Application Notes:

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	PBS with 0.02 % sodium azide, 50 % glycerol, pH 7.3.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.





Lane1 Lane2 Lane3 Lane4 Lane5 Lane6



Western Blotting

Image 1. Immunoprecipitating MAGOH in Hela whole cell lysate Lane 1: Rabbit control IgG instead of (1 μ g) instead of ABIN7165791 in Hela whole cell lysate. For western blotting, a HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG, specific to the non-reduced form of IgG was used as the Secondary antibody (1/50000) Lane 2: ABIN7165791 (4 μ g) + Hela whole cell lysate (500 μ g) Lane 3: Hela whole cell lysate (20 μ g)

Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot All lanes: MAGOH antibody at 4.69 μ g/mL Lane 1: Mouse kidney tissue Lane 2: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 3: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 4: Raji whole cell lysate Lane 5: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 6: Hela whole cell lysate Secondary Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 18, 13 kDa Observed band size: 18 kDa

Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human ovarian cancer using ABIN7165791 at dilution of 1:100

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 4 images are available for ABIN7165791.