# antibodies .- online.com

anti-SRPK2 antibody (AA 471-688) (FITC)







| $\sim$ |     |        |               |
|--------|-----|--------|---------------|
|        | N/F | ا/\r14 | $\triangle W$ |

| Quantity:            | 100 μL                                    |
|----------------------|---|
| Target:              | SRPK2                                     |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 471-688                                |
| Reactivity:          | Human                                     |
| Host:                | Rabbit                                    |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal                                |
| Conjugate:           | This SRPK2 antibody is conjugated to FITC |
| Application:         | Please inquire                            |

# **Product Details**

| Immunogen:        | Recombinant Human SRSF protein kinase 2 protein (471-688AA) |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Isotype:          | IgG   |  |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human   |  |
| Purification:     | Antigen Affinity Purified                                   |  |

# Target Details

| Target:           | SRPK2  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Alternative Name: | SRPK2 (SRPK2 Products)   |  |
| Background:       | Background: Serine/arginine-rich protein-specific kinase which specifically phosphorylates its   |  |
|                   | substrates at serine residues located in regions rich in arginine/serine dipeptides, known as RS |  |

domains and is involved in the phosphorylation of SR splicing factors and the regulation of splicing. Promotes neuronal apoptosis by up-regulating cyclin-D1 (CCND1) expression. This is done by the phosphorylation of SRSF2, leading to the suppression of p53/TP53 phosphorylation thereby relieving the repressive effect of p53/TP53 on cyclin-D1 (CCND1) expression. Phosphorylates ACIN1, and redistributes it from the nuclear speckles to the nucleoplasm, resulting in cyclin A1 but not cyclin A2 up-regulation. Plays an essential role in spliceosomal B complex formation via the phosphorylation of DDX23/PRP28. Can mediate hepatitis B virus (HBV) core protein phosphorylation. Plays a negative role in the regulation of HBV replication through a mechanism not involving the phosphorylation of the core protein but by reducing the packaging efficiency of the pregenomic RNA (pgRNA) without affecting the formation of the viral core particles.

Aliases: Human serine kinase SRPK2 mRNA, complete cds antibody, Serine kinase SRPK2 antibody, Serine/arginine rich protein specific kinase 2 antibody, Serine/arginine-rich protein-specific kinase 2 antibody, Serine/threonine protein kinase SRPK2 antibody, SFRS protein kinase 2 antibody, SFRSK2 antibody, SR protein specific kinase 2 antibody, SRPK2 antibody, SRPK2\_HUMAN antibody, SRSF protein kinase 2 C-terminal antibody

UniProt:

P78362

Pathways:

Ribonucleoprotein Complex Subunit Organization

## **Application Details**

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

## Handling

| Format:            | Liquid  |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Buffer:            | Preservative: 0.03 % Proclin 300<br>Constituents: 50 % Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4                                |  |
| Preservative:      | ProClin   |  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |  |
| Storage:           | -20 °C,-80 °C   |  |
| Storage Comment:   | Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.   |  |