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ACVR1 Protein (Fc Tag)





Overview

Quantity:	200 μg
Target:	ACVR1 (ACRV1)
Origin:	Rat
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This ACVR1 protein is labelled with Fc Tag.

Product Details

Purpose:	Recombinant Rat ALK-2/ACVR1 Protein (Fc Tag)
Sequence:	Met1-Glu123
Characteristics:	A DNA sequence encoding the rat ACVR1 (P80201) (Met1-Glu123) was expressed, fused with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.
Purity:	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin Level:	$<$ 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Target Details

Target:	ACVR1 (ACRV1)
Alternative Name:	ALK-2/ACVR1 (ACRV1 Products)
Background:	Background: ALK-2, also termed as ACVR1, was initially identified as an activin type I receptor because of its ability to bind activin in concert with ActRII or ActRIIB. ALK-2 is also identified as
	a BMP type I receptor. It has been demonstrated that ALK-2 forms complex with either the

BMP-2/7-bound BMPR-II or ACVR2A /ACVR2B. ALK-1 and ALK-2 presenting in the yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae are two haspin homologues. Both ALK-1 and ALK-2 exhibit a weak auto-kinase activity in vitro, and are phosphoproteins in vivo. ALK-1 and ALK-2 levels peak in mitosis and late-S/G2. Control of protein stability plays a major role in ALK-2 regulation. The half-life of ALK-2 is particularly short in G1. Overexpression of ALK-2, but not of ALK-1, causes a mitotic arrest, which is correlated to the kinase activity of the protein. This suggests a role for ALK-2 in the control of mitosis. Endoglin is phosphorylated on cytosolic domain threonine residues by the TGF-beta type I receptors ALK-2 and ALK-5 in prostate cancer cells. Endoglin did not inhibit cell migration in the presence of constitutively active ALK-2. Defects in ALK-2 are a cause of fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

Synonym: ACVR1,Acvrlk2

Molecular Weight:

38.5 kDa

UniProt:

P80201

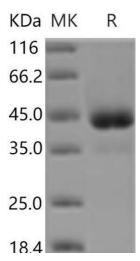
Application Details

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Buffer:	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C.
	Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted
	samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.



Western Blotting

Image 1.