

Datasheet for ABIN7197867

Selectin E/CD62e Protein (Fc Tag)[Go to Product page](#)**1** Image

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	Selectin E/CD62e (SELE)
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This Selectin E/CD62e protein is labelled with Fc Tag.

Product Details

Purpose:	Recombinant Mouse E-Selectin/SELE Protein (Fc Tag)(Active)
Sequence:	Met1-Pro564
Characteristics:	A DNA sequence encoding the mouse SELE (NP_035475.1)(Met1-Pro564) was expressed with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.
Purity:	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin Level:	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Biological Activity Comment:	Measured by the ability of the immobilized protein to support the adhesion of U937 human histiocytic lymphoma cells. When cells are added to coated plates (10 µg/ml, 100 µl/well), approximately 50% will adhere specifically after 60 minutes at 37 °C.

Target Details

Target:	Selectin E/CD62e (SELE)
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Target Details

Alternative Name: E-Selectin/SELE ([SELE Products](#))

Background: E-selectin, also known as endothelial leukocyte adhesion molecule-1 (ELAM-1) and CD62E, is an inducible adhesion molecule that is expressed on the surfaces of stimulated vascular endothelial cells and is sometimes involved in cancer cell metastasis. E-selectin exhibits a complex mosaic structure consisting of a large extracellular region comprised of a lectin domain, an EGF-like domain, and a short consensus repeat (SCR) domain, followed by a transmembrane region and a relatively short (32 aa) cytoplasmic tail. As a member of the LEC-CAM or selectin family, E-selectin recognises and binds to sialylated carbohydrates including members of the Lewis X and Lewis A families found on monocytes, granulocytes, and T-lymphocytes. E-selectin supports rolling and stable arrest of leukocytes on activated vascular endothelium, and furthermore, it was indicated that it can also transduce an activating stimulus via the MAPK cascade into the endothelial cell during leukocyte adhesion. E-selectin regulates adhesive interactions between certain blood cells and endothelium. The soluble form of E-selectin (sE-selectin) is a marker of endothelial activation, and has a potential role in the pathogenesis of cardiovascular disease as raised levels have been found in hypertension, diabetes and hyperlipidemia, although its association in established atherosclerosis disease and its value as a prognostic factor is more controversial. soluble E-selectin is inversely associated with the muscular component of the left ventricle, thereby suggesting that the lack of such a reparative factor may be associated with cardiac remodeling in end-stage renal disease (ESRD) patients. In addition, this adhesion molecule appears to be involved in the pathogenesis of atherosclerosis.

Synonym: CD62E,E-selectin,Elam

Molecular Weight: 85.5 kDa

NCBI Accession: [NP_035475](#)

Pathways: [Thromboxane A2 Receptor Signaling](#)

Application Details

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Lyophilized

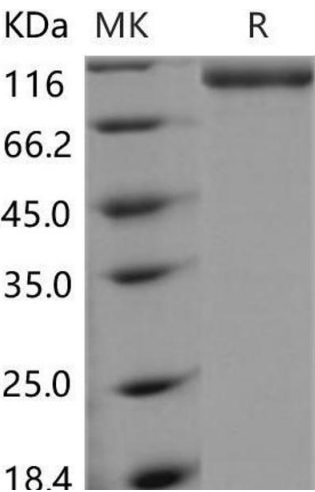
Reconstitution: Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Handling

Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C,-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1.