

## Datasheet for ABIN7232810 anti-NALCN antibody (C-Term)



Go to Product page

_					
	W	0	rv	10	W

Overview	
Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	NALCN
Binding Specificity:	AA 1659-1738, C-Term
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This NALCN antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (fixed cells) (IF/ICC)
Product Details	

Product Details		
Purpose:	Anti-NALCN Mouse Monoclonal Antibody	
Immunogen:	Fusion protein corresponding to aa 1659-1738 (cytoplasmic C- terminus) of rat NALCN (accession no.Q6Q760).	
Clone:	S185-7	
Isotype:	lgG1	
Specificity:	This antibody recognizes mouse and rat NALCN.	
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat	
Purification:	Purified by Protein G affinity chromatography.	

## **Target Details**

Target:	NALCN
Alternative Name:	Nalcn (NALCN Products)
Background:	Sodium leak channel NALCN, Voltage-gated ion channel responsible for the resting Na(+)
	permeability that controls neuronal excitability. NALCN channel functions as a multi-protein
	complex, which consists at least of NALCN, NALF1, UNC79 and UNC80. NALCN is the voltage-
	sensing, pore-forming subunit of the NALCN channel complex. NALCN channel complex is
	constitutively active and conducts monovalent cations but is blocked by physiological
	concentrations of extracellular divalent cations (By similarity). In addition to its role in regulating
	neuronal excitability, is required for normal respiratory rhythm, systemic osmoregulation by
	controlling the serum sodium concentration and in the regulation of the intestinal pace-making
	activity in the interstitial cells of Cajal. NALCN channel is also activated by neuropeptides such
	as neurotensin and substance P (SP) through a SRC family kinases-dependent pathway. In
	addition, NALCN activity is enhanced/modulated by several GPCRs, such as CHRM3 (By
	similarity). {UniProtKB:Q8BXR5, UniProtKB:Q8IZF0}.,NALCN (sodium leak channel non- selectiv
	protein) is a 1,738 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein in the cation-nonselective channel
	family. NALCN is highly conserved in mammalian species and is widely expressed in the central
	nervous system. NALCN is a voltage-independent, non-selective cation channel which is
	permeable to sodium, potassium, and calcium ions. It is responsible for background sodium io
	leak conductance in neurons and regulates basal excitability of the nervous system. Three
	isoforms of NALCN result from alternative splicing events.,Cell membrane, Multi-pass
	membrane protein,Four domain-type voltage-gated ion channel $\alpha$ -1 subunit, Rb21-channel,
	Sodium leak channel non-selective protein, Voltage gated channel-like protein 1
NCBI Accession:	NP_705894
UniProt:	Q6Q760
A 1: 1: D 1:1	
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Immunoblotting: use at 1 $\mu$ g/mL. Predicted molecular weight is ~200 kDa.
	Positive control: rat brain lysate.
	These are recommended concentrations.
	Endusers should determine optimal concentrations for their applications.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Liquid	
Reconstitution:	Dilute in PBS or medium which is identical to that used in the assay system.	
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL	
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, 50 % glycerol, 0.09 % sodium azide	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	This antibody is stable for at least one (1) year at -20°C.	