# antibodies -online.com







## anti-RBM5 antibody

**Images** 



$\sim$					
	1//	r۱	/1	$\triangle$	٨

Quantity:	200 μL
Target:	RBM5
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This RBM5 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

#### Product Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant protein of human RBM5	
Isotype:	IgG	
Characteristics:	Polyclonal Antibody	
Purification:	Affinity purification	

#### **Target Details**

Target:	RBM5
Alternative Name:	RBM5 (RBM5 Products)
Background:	This gene is a candidate tumor suppressor gene which encodes a nuclear RNA binding protein
	that is a component of the spliceosome A complex. The encoded protein plays a role in the
	induction of cell cycle arrest and apoptosis through pre-mRNA splicing of multiple target genes
	including the tumor suppressor protein p53. This gene is located within the tumor suppressor

#### **Target Details**

	region 3p21.3, and may play a role in the inhibition of tumor transformation and progression of several malignancies including lung cancer.
Molecular Weight:	92 kDa
UniProt:	P52756
Pathways:	Ribonucleoprotein Complex Subunit Organization

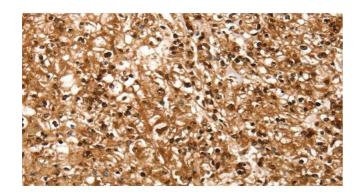
## **Application Details**

Application Notes:	WB 1:200-1:1000, IHC 1:25-1:100
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

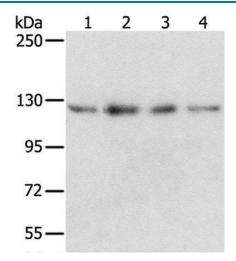
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.6 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS with 0.05 % sodium azide and 50 % glycerol, PH7.4
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

#### **Images**



#### Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

**Image 1.** Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human prostate cancer using RBM5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:30



#### **Western Blotting**

**Image 2.** Western Blot analysis of Huvec, hepg2, 293T and A549 cell using RBM5 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:500