

Datasheet for ABIN726534

anti-KLH antibody (Cy5)



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	KLH	
Reactivity:	Keyhole Limpet	
Host:	Mouse	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This KLH antibody is conjugated to Cy5	
Application:	Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))	

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH protein
Isotype:	IgG
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

- Target Details		
Target:	KLH	
Abstract:	KLH Products	
Background:	consisting of subunits with a molecular weight of 350,000 and 390,000 in aggregates w molecular weights of 4,500,000-13,000,000. Each domain of a KLH subunit contains two	
	copper atoms that together bind a single oxygen molecule (O2). When oxygen is bound to	

hemocyanin, the molecule takes on a distinctive transparent, opalescent blue color. The KLH

protein is potently immunogenic yet safe in humans and is therefore highly prized as a vaccine carrier protein. The large and highly glycosylated KLH protein cannot be reproduced synthetically. It is available only as a purified biological product from the Keyhole Limpet Megathura crenulata. Keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) is used extensively as a carrier protein in the production of for research, biotechnology and therapeutic applications. Haptens are substances with a low molecular weight such as peptides, small proteins and drug molecules that are generally not immunogenic and require the aid of a carrier protein to stimulate a response from the immune system in the form of antibody production.[2] KLH is the most widely employed carrier proteins for this purpose. KLH is an effective carrier protein for several reasons. Its large size and numerous epitopes generate a substantial immune response, and abundance of lysine residues for coupling haptens, allows a high hapten:carrier protein ratio increasing the likelihood of generating hapten-specific . In addition, because KLH is derived from the limpet, a gastropod, it is phylogenetically distant from mammalian proteins, thus reducing false positives in immunologically based research techniques in mammalian model organisms.KLH may also be a challenging molecule to work with because of its propensity to aggregate and precipitate. Aggregates remain immunogenic, but limit the ability to conjugate haptens and are difficult to manipulate in the laboratory.

Synonyms: Keyhole limpet hemocyanin KLH

Application Details

Application Notes:	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 μg/μL	
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 1 % BSA, 50 % glycerol and 0.09 % sodium azide.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	4°C	
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C	

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Expiry Date:

12 months