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anti-Coagulation Factor X antibody (AA 41-300)

3 Images



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	Coagulation Factor X (F10)
Binding Specificity:	AA 41-300
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Coagulation Factor X antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Purpose:	F10 Rabbit pAb
Immunogen:	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 41-300 of human F10 (NP_000495.1).
Sequence:	ANSFLEEMKK GHLERECMEE TCSYEEAREV FEDSDKTNEF WNKYKDGDQC ETSPCQNQGK CKDGLGEYTC TCLEGFEGKN CELFTRKLCS LDNGDCDQFC HEEQNSVVCS CARGYTLADN GKACIPTGPY PCGKQTLERR KRSVAQATSS SGEAPDSITW KPYDAADLDP TENPFDLLDF NQTQPERGDN NLTRIVGGQE CKDGECPWQA LLINEENEGF CGGTILSEFY ILTAAHCLYQ AKRFKVRVGD RNTEQEEGGE
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Characteristics:	Polyclonal Antibodies

Product Details Purification: Affinity purification **Target Details** Target: Coagulation Factor X (F10) F10 (F10 Products) Alternative Name Background: This gene encodes the vitamin K-dependent coagulation factor X of the blood coagulation cascade. This factor undergoes multiple processing steps before its preproprotein is converted to a mature two-chain form by the excision of the tripeptide RKR. Two chains of the factor are held together by 1 or more disulfide bonds, the light chain contains 2 EGF-like domains, while the heavy chain contains the catalytic domain which is structurally homologous to those of the other hemostatic serine proteases. The mature factor is activated by the cleavage of the activation peptide by factor IXa (in the intrisic pathway), or by factor VIIa (in the extrinsic pathway). The activated factor then converts prothrombin to thrombin in the presence of factor Va, Ca+2, and phospholipid during blood clotting. Mutations of this gene result in factor X deficiency, a hemorrhagic condition of variable severity. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms that may undergo similar proteolytic processing to generate mature polypeptides.,F10,FX,FXA,Cardiovascular,Blood,Coagulation,F10 54kDa Molecular Weight: Gene ID: 2159 UniProt: P00742 **Application Details Application Notes:** WB,1:500 - 1:2000, IF, 1:50 - 1:200

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	PBS with 0.02 % sodium azide,50 % glycerol, pH 7.3.
Preservative:	Sodium azide

should be handled by trained staff only.

This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which

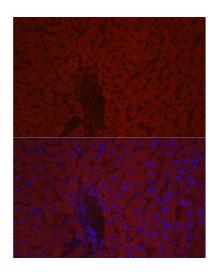
Precaution of Use:

Handling

Storage:	-20 °C	,
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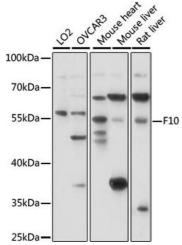
Storage Comment: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Images



Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse liver cells using F10 Rabbit pAb (ABIN7266422) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



25kDa—

Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using F10 antibody (ABIN7266422) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (ABIN1684268 and ABIN3020597) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 μg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3 % nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 10s.

Immunofluorescence

Image 3. Immunofluorescence analysis of rat liver cells using F10 Rabbit pAb (ABIN7266422) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.