antibodies -online.com







anti-MLH1 antibody (AA 501-600)

Images



Overview

| Quantity: | 100 μL |
|----------------------|--|
| Target: | MLH1 |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 501-600 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This MLH1 antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), |
| | Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)) |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MLH1 |
|-----------------------|--|
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A. |
| | |

Target Details

Target: MLH1

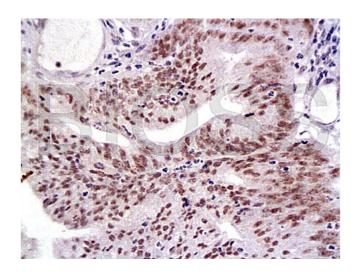
Target Details

| Alternative Name: | MLH1 (MLH1 Products) |
|---------------------|---|
| Background: | Synonyms: FCC2, COCA2, HNPCC, hMLH1, HNPCC2, DNA mismatch repair protein Mlh1, MutL |
| | protein homolog 1, MLH1 |
| | Background: Heterodimerizes with PMS2 to form MutL alpha, a component of the post- |
| | replicative DNA mismatch repair system (MMR). DNA repair is initiated by MutS alpha (MSH2- |
| | MSH6) or MutS beta (MSH2-MSH6) binding to a dsDNA mismatch, then MutL alpha is recruited |
| | to the heteroduplex. Assembly of the MutL-MutS-heteroduplex ternary complex in presence of |
| | RFC and PCNA is sufficient to activate endonuclease activity of PMS2. It introduces single- |
| | strand breaks near the mismatch and thus generates new entry points for the exonuclease |
| | EXO1 to degrade the strand containing the mismatch. DNA methylation would prevent cleavage |
| | and therefore assure that only the newly mutated DNA strand is going to be corrected. MutL |
| | alpha (MLH1-PMS2) interacts physically with the clamp loader subunits of DNA polymerase III, |
| | suggesting that it may play a role to recruit the DNA polymerase III to the site of the MMR. Also |
| | implicated in DNA damage signaling, a process which induces cell cycle arrest and can lead to |
| | apoptosis in case of major DNA damages. Heterodimerizes with MLH3 to form MutL gamma |
| | which plays a role in meiosis. |
| Gene ID: | 4292 |
| UniProt: | P40692 |
| Pathways: | DNA Damage Repair, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response |
| Application Details | |
| Application Notes: | ELISA 1:500-1000 |
| | IHC-P 1:200-400 |
| | IHC-F 1:100-500 |
| | IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 |
| | IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 |
| | IF(ICC) 1:50-200 |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
| Handling | |
| Format: | Liquid |
| roimat. | · |

Handling

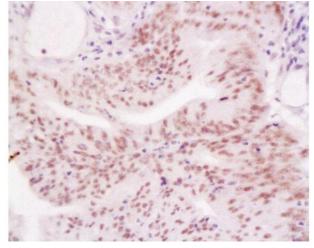
| Buffer: | 0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol. |
|--------------------|--|
| Preservative: | ProClin |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C,-20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded human endometrium tissue labeled with Anti-MLH-1 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (ABIN728833) at 1:200, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 2. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded human endometrium tissue labeled with Anti-MLH-1 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated at 1:200, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining